The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1915. NO. 11

A REVIEW OF COUNTY FINANCES.

Tax Levy Reduced Two Mills for Current Year by the Present Democratic Board.

The financial condition of Centre county as revealed by the report of the county auditors for the year 1914, just published, is certainly very gratifying to those who pay taxes.

Cash in the hands of the County Treasurer, John D. Miller, on January 4 h, 1915, is shown to be $32,321 73, which with other assets set out, all good, leaves the county almost without debt. This is the result of three years' of Democratic administration, and it contrasts greatly and very favorably with the financial statement covering the year 1911. In that statement the total indebtedness of the county, on January 1, 1912, was $139,505.83.

In their report for 1911 the county auditors had noted many errors and irregularities which had been committed and grown up through the negligence and want of care and diligence, in the administration of the finances of the county.

There is also a reduction of two mills in the tax levy for county purposes for the current year. This means that the county finances have been so honestly and judiciously administered during the three years the present board of commissioners have been in office that the ordinary expenditures, together with the amount due the sinking fund and interest on the bonded debt, can all be met by a tax of four mills for county purposes.

County finances or their management fluctuates very much with the politics of the majority of the board, as appears by the statements published by the different boards. The first board of county commissioners, the majority of which were Republicans, came into office on the first Monday of January, 1888. The board that preceded this board left a cash balance in favor of the county of $24,000.00, perhaps over that. The board which entered upon their duties as stated in January, 1888, term expired on the first Monday of January, 1891, made away with the snug balance in favor of the county left by their predecessors, and left liabilities in excess of well padded assets, of $5,267.63 What is meant by well padded assets, is that a lot of uncollectable notes and claims on which nothing could ever be realized were counted as assets.

This board was succeeded by a board, the majority of which were pure, unadulterated Democrats, and continued in office until the first Monday of January, 1897. They not only paid the debt left by their predecessors and made many repairs to the County property, but left assets, including $7,722.96 in cash, of $13,701.70, and in this only assets that could be realized upon were counted.

The majority of the board which came into office on the first Monday of January, 1897, were Republicans, and the annual statement for 1899, published February, 1900, shows a balance, including cash and assets of $24 229.12 in favor of the county, but this board was succeeded by a board which took office the first Monday of January, 1900, and the auditors report for 1902, published in 1903, shows a balance in favor of the county, over all liabilities, of $25,001 38.

In 1902 the politics of the majority of the board again became Republican, and the report for 1905, published in 1906, shows liabilities in excess of all assets of $32,517 72.

The board again became Democratic on the first Monday of January, 1906, and when their term expired on the first Monday of January, 1909, the liabilities of the county exceeded the assets $14,213 19.

The tax levy ran along from about 1886 at the rate of three mills on the dollar until 1890, when the only Republican board the county had for many years, in its desire to be re-elected, reduced the levy to two and one half mills. It did them no good. The people preferred a competent board and sat down on the board that tried to run the county for two and one-half mills, when everybody knew that it took at least three mills.

Beginning then with 1891, the tax levy for county purposes up to and including 1905, was three mills. From 1906 up to and including 1911 the rate was five mills for county purposes.

The board whose term expired on the first Monday of January, 1912, had left such a tremendous debt that there was no way out, but to increase the millage. This therefore, was done and for 1912 and 1913 the rate was seven mills, and for 1914 six mills. The funds received were so carefully applied that the large cash balance in the hands of County Treasurer Miller, to wit: $32,321.73, together with all available assets, left the net debt of the county, on January 4th, 1915, $6,585 61 as against $139,505.84, on the first Monday of January, 1912

(Continued at foot of next column.)

LOCAL OPTION DEMOCRATIC.

State Chairman Morris' visit to Capitol Hill, his talks with legislators of his party and his published assurance that the Democrats will be the stoutest local option champions of the Governor is in harmony with the courageous way that party met the local option issue in its platform and campaign and in striking contrast with the shirking course of the Penrose followers.

Pennsylvania Democracy was and is outspoken for local option. On this great question of home rule it never faltered. It championed the cause knowing that it would cost its candidates the enormous vote and still more enormous campaign fund of the liquor forces. It went boldly before the people, declaring its determination to let the people of a community decide whether it should be "wet" or "dry." It did not, as the Penrose gang, sidestep the question by a vote of 95 to 5 or by any other vote. It did more than that. It requested such of its legislative candidates as were on the Personal Liberty ticket with Dr. Brumbaugh to quit it. It did not want nor does it desire any entangling alliance with "booze" that fattens on government.

Its sincerity thus proved, the Democratic legislators can support and work for local option legislation with eagerness.

But Governor Brumbaugh should not stop where he is. Less than a handful of men can, with a wink, transform the Governor's doubts to certainties. Let him appeal for local option aid with open frankness to "Jim" McNichol, Penrose, the Vares, Crow and others of his backers upon whom the booze interests are depending. If they will, the early passage of a local option bill is assured.

High Price Paid for Wheat.

What is said to have been the highest price ever received for wheat in this state has been paid to Thomas W. Piollet, a graduate of the school of agriculture of the Pennsylvania State College. He was given $1.50 a bushel for nearly 1000 bushels by the Dayton Milling company.

Piollet grew wheat of extra high grade. His success is attributed to special care in fertilization and liming. The Piollet farm is located at Wysox, three miles from Towanda. While in college, this successful young farmer had time to play football on the varsity eleven as well as study agriculture.

Big Farm Sales.

One of the largest sales in Centre county to date was that of John Behrer, at Waddle, the total amount of goods sold being $5,500. Horses especially sold high, one animal bringing $350, and a team $660. It is estimated that one thousand people attended.

Another big sale was that of George Irwin, at Pennsylvania Furnace. Horses sold for $250, cows for $95, and yearling colts for $110. The total amount was almost $4000.

County Entitled to Five Scholarships.

By means of a donation made to The Pennsylvania State College by Dr. and Mrs. T. R. Hayes of Bellefonte five scholarships worth $85 each are given each year to the five counties of the state showing the highest ratio of students in the college to the total population of the county. The successful counties for 1915 are: Cameron, Centre, Dauphin, Forest, and Wyoming. The county superintendent of schools together with the high school principals of each county constitute a governing board to make the appointment before June 1st. Centre county has held one of these scholarships each year since their inauguration. Among the holders have been: Benjamin G. Hunter, Raymond Jenkins, E E Thomas, L. D. Whiting, and Ellis O. Keller, all of Bellefonte.

Rev. Samuel Smith, a veteran minister of the Evangelical church, died in Mifflinburg at the age of eighty-two years.

(Continued from previous column.)

It is to be remembered that in recent years the expense upon counties has increased greatly by reason of legislation making counties liable for certain expenses which before were not paid out of the county treasury. While this is true the board of commissioners, especially when Republican, refused or failed to recognize these new obligations. And the consequence was they invariably left the county largely in debt and it was made the duty of the Democratic boards to raise funds and pay the debt. This they always did fairly and honestly, and following the example of their Democratic predecessors, the present board has heroically met its great responsibilities and should be, as they deserve to be, re-nominated and re-elected.

NEWS OF 1881.

Notes Taken From Files of The Centre Reporter of Thirty-four Years Ago.

May 26th—On Sunday, while Dr. Alexander had his horse hitched to a post at Wm. Emerick's, the animal took fright and ran off, badly wrecking the sulky.

Horace Zerby has the material on the ground for the new brick school house at Potters Mills.

Many of our farmers are using phosphate as fertilizers, with good results.

Many farmers in Nittany Valley as well as some in this valley, are obliged to replant corn.

Last Wednesday night the store of Clevan Dinges was entered and a lot of sugar, molasses, and some smaller articles taken. The thieves gained entrance through the cellar door in front of the store.

June 2nd—Thomas Hull of Aaronsburg was quite unfortunate on Monday last. He was working on the Evangelical church, in course of erection, when one of the scaffolding boards broke and precipitated him to the ground, a distance of fifteen to twenty feet, causing him to sustain some severe injuries internally.

The last freak of nature are three kittens grown together at the under hind part of the body, produced by a cat owned by John T. Lee of this place. The triplets have perfect bodies and seem more lively than the other kitten of the same litter.

Farm House Burned.

The dwelling house on the farm owned and occupied by Clair Weston, three-fourth mile north of Port Matilda, was totally destroyed by fire on Saturday a week. It appeals the fire originated at about 9:15 p. m., in an outbuilding and no cause can be assigned for it. Nearly all the furniture in the house was saved owing to the great effort of the owner, who labored until completely exhausted. The house had just been erected by Mr. Weston a few years ago, he having bought the farm and improved it.

The loss was much larger than the insurance, which was $800 on the house and $108 on the furniture.

McSparren Hits at Intensive Farming.

Intensive agriculture, if practiced on American farms, would flood the markets with farm produce in such quantities that the grower would get virtually no returns, said John A. McSparren, of Lancaster county, successor to Farmer Creasy as master of the State Grange, while addressing the students of the agricultural school at the Pennsylvania State College. He predicted it would be at least a century before there would be sufficient markets in this country to justify intensive soil-tilling methods.

Discussing intensive production, Mr. McSparren, who was the chief speaker at the celebration of College Grange Day, said: "The farmers of today are not so much interested in growing the other blade of grass as they are in knowing who gets it after it is grown." He emphasized the need for greater conservation in distribution and transportation rather than for increased crops.

"Our population of thirty-one persons to a square mile is entirely too scanty," explained Mr. McSparren, to warrant the adoption of intensive methods in America. In Belgium, Germany, France, and some other European countries where five or six hundred persons live on a square mile of land, there is every justification for intensive systems, but before we farmers will listen to arguments favoring increased crop production there must be developed markets that will consume the present output of the American farmer."

Quantity Plus Quality.

No American monthly at any price offers the same amount of reading as The Youth's Companion, and none can offer reading of better quality. Less than four cents a week engages its service in your family—its clean entertainment, its fine suggestiveness, week after week. There is an Editorial Page marked by clear and conscientious thinking, not giving voice to the personal convictions of the editors, but supplying the matter out of which convictions are formed. There are stories in which are to be found the thrill of action and the quiet interest of home life, sparkling humor, and genuine pathos. There is information, carefully sifted, so that the reader may rely upon its trustworthiness.

If you do not know The Companion, let us send you one or two issues free with the Forecast for the current volume.

Every new subscriber who sends $2.00 for a year's subscription will receive free The Companion Home Calendar for 1915.—The Youth's Companion, 144 Berkeley Street, Boston, Mass.

Confer First Degree.

The good work of the degree teams of the local I. O. O. F. lodge has resulted in frequent calls from other lodges in the valley, the latest invitation having been given by the Spring Mills order, Friday evening. Thirty-four members of the Centre Hall lodge, besides a number from other lodges, were present, the total number being one hundred and ten. The first degree was conferred upon a class of three candidates. Lunch was served after lodge. Among those present were Messrs. William Colyer, John Lucas, Michael Miller, Charles Miller, Thomas Bartges, Charles Bartholomew, Thomas Moore, Julian Fleming, Charles Crust, William Keller, William Kerlin, William Lucas, Victor Auman, John Luse, Clymer McClenahan, Irvin Showers, Lyman Smith, Robert Meyer, Bruce Arney, Harvey Mark, Edward Lair, Edward Crawford, E S. Ripka, John Puff, Clyde Bradford, William Houser, B. Garis, William Homan, Perry Luse, J. W. Whiteman, Joseph Lutz, Max Harshbarger, Charles Smith, Herbert Garis, all of Centre Hall lodge; Thomas L. Smith, State College lodge; Rev. W. H. Williams, Port Matilda lodge; W. E. Breon, H. W. Hartman, Joseph Reifsnyder, H. Leitzell, Millheim lodge.

Missionary Society Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Huntingdon Presbytery will be held at State College on Wednesday and Thursday, March 24th and 25th. The committee of arrangements has prepared the following program for the meeting:

"The people that do revere their God shall be strong and do exploits."

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Prayer.
Roll call.
Devotional service, led by Dr. J. W. Lowrie, of China.
Address to young people, "God's Plan and Yours," Dr. Charles R. Watson.
Children's story hour, Miss Shultz and Miss Wishart.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Pageant.
Addresses by Dr. Lowrie and Dr. Watson.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Hymn,—Prayer,—Minutes.
Swift survey of the Home Base.
Roll of Honor.
Delegates Round Table, in charge of Miss Burket.
Address, Miss Gertrude Schultz.
Prayer for "Our Missionaries."
Reports of Committees.
Election of Officers.
Recess—Luncheon in the Methodist church, with program.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

1:30—Responsive reading.
Address, Miss Lulu R. Patton.
Address, Miss Alice Wishart.
Offering.
Solo—I. W. Reeve.
Closing moments.
3:15—Adjournment.

Perry Added to Dry List.

Perry county was added to the list of dry counties in Pennsylvania when sixteen applicants for saloon licenses were turned down by the license court. Eleven applications were for old stands.

Perry is the ninth county in the state to be made dry by court rulings, the others being Green, Lawrence, Mifflin, Bedford, Huntingdon, Juniata, Venango and Tioga. Several counties have only one or two saloons.

In Luzerne county the court refused to renew licenses for forty-three old saloons. Nescopeck will be dry. The Luzerne judges rejected 103 new applications.

D. J. Nieman Back to Millheim.

Wednesday of last week D. J. Nieman purchased the department store of Harry Herr which the latter bought from Mr. Nieman about a year ago. An inventory was immediately begun and Mr. Nieman is now doing business again at the stand he held for a number of years. Mr. Herr has returned to his former home at Millville.

Harry B. Mensch has charge of the store at present and will continue until Mr. Nieman occupies his residence in Millheim, which will be in a few weeks. He will then be retained as clerk.

Woodward.

F. P. Guisewite and family from Fiedler spent Sunday in town.

Miss Grace Orndorf, who was seriously ill last week, is slowly improving.

Preaching services will be held in the Evangelical church Sunday evening. Services will be conducted by the new minister, Rev. D. C. Cairs.

Mrs. Sadie Richardson and son from Tusseyville are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Boob.

Mrs. Roy D. Hazel of Cincinnati, Ohio, is spending some time with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moyer.

Allen Hess of Yeagertown spent several days last week with friends in town.

Mrs. Phoebe Wise spent Saturday with her son, Samuel Orndorf, at Coburn.

DEATHS.

Samuel B. Taylor, a retired business man of long residence in Huntingdon, died at his home on the corner of Fifteenth and Mifflin street, on Sunday evening of last week.

Mr. Taylor had been failing in health for some time due to the infirmities of old age and his death was not unexpected. He was born at Pleasant Gap, March 23rd, 1833. He went to Huntingdon about seventeen years ago and in his earlier days he was a teacher, a profession he followed for many years. During the latter part of his life he conducted a store adjoining his residence but he discontinued this business a year or more ago owing to his advanced years. Mr. Taylor was a man who was highly respected by all who knew him. He was of a kind disposition and a Christian gentleman. He was a member of the M. E. church.

Sixty-three years ago he was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Shaver, of Mt. Union, who preceeded him to the grave a few years ago. He is survived by two sons and one daughter.

The announcement of the death of Mrs. Eliza Dunkle, widow of G. W. Dunkle, which occurred on the 6th of January, was first received here this week. Mr. and Mrs. Dunkle lived in Centre Hall a few years ago and from here moved to Elmira, New York, where Mr. Dunkle died a short time after. Mrs. Dunkle died at the home Mrs. Henry Hess, of 427 West Washington avenue, Elmira New York, aged seventy-nine years. She is survived by three sons, George M. Dunkle, of Alaska; Harry F. Dunkle, of Panama, and John B. Dunkle, of Rising Springs; three daughters, Miss Bertha D. Dunkle, of Los Angeles, Cal; Miss Clara Dunkle, of Williamsport, and Mrs. Henry Hess, of Elmira.

Horses Sell Well at Millheim.

The express load of western horses sold by F. O. Hosterman at Millheim on Friday brought good prices. The average price paid was $212 50 for twenty-eight head. The purchasers and the number of horses bought by each follows: H. Gilmore, 2; D. Musick, 2; W. F. Musser, 2; A. Skiwousky, 2; R. J. Smith, 2; G. W. Erhart, 2; F. S. Musser, 2; N. Zimmerman, 4; G. B. Stover, Jr., J. W. Zerby, N. H. Yearick, J. W. Yearick, H. B. Haugh, A. B. Meyer, H. M. Swartz, D. W. Bartges, A. C. Confer, J. F. Breon, one each.

Letter from Illinois.

In asking that the address on his paper be changed from Orangeville, Ill., to McConnell, Ill., J. H. Jordan continues thus: "We still are quarantined in Stephenson county on account of the foot-and-mouth disease among cattle. Wednesday we intend to move to McConnell. A big snow storm visited this section but the snow is fast disappearing before the sun. We are all well at present."

Lecture in Grange Hall.

Rev. B. H. Hart, pastor of a Methodist church in Harrisburg, will deliver a lecture in Grange Arcadia, Friday evening of next week. Rev. Hart comes here on solicitation of the I. O. O. F. lodge. The lecture is free to everybody.

COBURN.

Those on the sick list are Edward Corman and Jack Elmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Krader spent Sunday at Spring Mills.

Revival meeting is still in progress at Paradise. Large crowds gather every night.

Charles Bryan from Centre Hall expects to move to this place in the near future.

William Claycomb has gone to Huntingdon county where he has found employment.

Jacob Eisenhuth has gone to Sunbury where he has found employment.

The little daughter of William Snavely had the misfortune of falling one day last week and breaking her leg. Hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Stover and daughter Mae from Wetham spent a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kaler; also at the home of Jacob Stover at Madisonburg.

Walter Barchatt, one of the state foresters, was promoted from Coburn to Troxelville to take charge of the state forests at that place.

Ralph Kerstetter, a student in the employ of the railroad company, was promoted from Mifflinburg to Coburn to fill the place vacated by Byron Musser.

The exercises given by the Elk Creek school was largely attended; it was fine. The Coburn orchestra furnished the music for the occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Motz and daughter Lodie from Woodward spent a day at the home of Mrs. Motz's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hosterman.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Sunday is the first day of the official spring season.

Edward Brown attended a meeting of telephone men at Williamsport last week.

George Boozer a student of Mercersburg academy, is home on his Easter vacation.

The Hotel Haag and Brant House have raised their rates from a dollar a day to a dollar and a half. The high cost of living is to blame.

The Varneys, who conducted "Welfare Week" in Centre Hall a short time ago, are booked to appear in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Kate Saunders and daughter, Mrs. Raymond Miller, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dale, above Boalsburg.

L. Frank Mayes, the auctioneer, has withdrawn from the race for nomination for the office of prothonotary on the Republican ticket.

Wesley Shurer has taken the agency for the Crow-Elkhart automobiles and expects to put his advertisement before the public in due time.

Mrs. J. Q. Miles, mother of Mrs. G. O. Benner of Centre Hall, is lying critically ill at her home at Martha, with little hopes of recovery.

J. L Spangler of Bellefonte is in Philadelphia. He will remain there several days and will then go to Atlantic City in quest of better health.

A number of robberies have been committed in Yeagertown during the past week. Private houses and business places have both been made objects of attack.

Judge Orvis disposed of five of the six licenses which were held over, last week. The five include four at Philipsburg and one at Sandy Ridge. The Spring Mills hotel is the only one not disposed of.

The committee in charge of the big Odd Fellows' demonstration at Bloomsburg on the 23rd of next month expect that there will be at least twenty-five bands and that it will be the biggest one day celebration that the town has ever had.

D. Wagner Geiss will take charge of the Brockerhoff stables in Bellefonte after April 1st. Besides conducting the livery Mr. Geiss will also go in the hacking business, besides continuing in his present business—buying and selling of country produce.

Warren Wood, formerly landlord of the Spring Mills hotel and later at Jersey Shore, quit the management of the hotel at Hyde City, Clearfield county, a short time ago on account of the Judge Bell refusing licenses. He is looking about for another location.

The women suffragists in Mifflinburg made a canvass of literacy in that town last week and discovered that every woman could vote. They found, too, that a number of men fell short on the test. The census was taken to discover how many women would be able to read a ballot correctly.

A. S. Work, the artist who frescoed the Lutheran church in Centre Hall two years ago, has painted two sets of scenery for the Millheim Minstrel club's entertainment to be given in the town hall, March 18th and 20th. This is the best scenery ever shown in Millheim, says the Journal, and the boys are to be congratulated on being able to secure the services of an artist such as Mr. Work.

Orlando Hackenberg, of near Millheim, one day last week purchased the Michael Eby farm, in Haines township, from James S. Weaver, of Aaronsburg, who bought it last fall from the Eby estate, says the Journal. The farm contains 199 acres, 130 acres of which are clear and highly productive. The consideration is $8,500 for the farm, Mr. Weaver having previously sold the timber. Mr. Hackenberg, after purchasing the above farm, sold the farm he occupies, containing 62 acres, to Al. Burrell, his near neighbor, for $4,000. Both Hackenberg and Burrell will remain on the farms they now occupy for another year.

Charles Goodling made his first trip to the business section of Centre Hall in thirty years, at which time he was employed by Wolf & Son as clerk. This was back in 1885. Since leaving Centre Hall, Mr. Goodling has been over the greater part of the United States. For eighteen years he had been with H. B. Claflin, in one or the other of his string of stores, and while in Nashville he met his wife, who is now living at Rebersburg, to which place Mr. Goodling finds his way whenever opportunity presents itself. He is now with M. Livingston & Son, a furniture establishment, and is selling over a large territory. He has a fine trade in Central Pennsylvania, and it is largely because he knows the business in which he is engaged.

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS FROM NATIONS AT WAR

FRANCE.

Paris.—The official communication issued by the French War Department says:

"In the bend of the Yser the Belgian Army has consolidated and increased the results obtained by it.

"The British troops continue to progress. They crossed the brook of Layes, which runs parallel to the road from Neuve Chapelle to Fleuvaix. Between this road and Aubers they captured several trenches. At the end of the day they reached a road known as the 'Highway to Hell,' which runs from the northwest to the southeast toward Aubers and to the suburbs of that place. To the southwest of Eliters they carried several groups of houses, which are being strongly prepared for defensive purposes. The total number of prisoners captured during the day was 1,000. The Germans lost several machine guns.

"To the left and to the right of the British army French troops supported them with many heavy artillery and machine guns and infantry fire.

"In the Champagne our progress continues. At the end of the day on the northern slopes of the ridge to the northeast of Mesnil we captured 150 prisoners, including 6 officers.

"In the Visges, on Reich Ackerkopf, the enemy after a violent bombardment attempted an assault, which was, however, brought to a halt by our fire."

GERMANY.

Berlin.—The German official report on the progress of the war reads as follows:

"To the south of Ypres isolated British attacks were easily repulsed. Our movement for the recaptured of the village of Neuve Chapelle began successfully, but thereafter encountered a superior British force, and for this reason it was not continued.

"The British in this locality have been showing great aerial activity. Two British aviators were brought down by German fire.

"In the Champagne district there has been a renewal of fighting at isolated places. All the attacks made by the French have been repulsed, the enemy losing heavily. Two hundred French soldiers were taken prisoners. Fog and snow have hampered the operations in the Vosges.

"The Russians have retreated from the Augustowo district and the country to the northeast until how they are beyond the River Bobr and under the guns of Grodno. At a point northeast of Przasnysz, near Orzyc river, a Russian attack has been repulsed."

RUSSIA.

Petrograd, via London.—The following official statement was issued:

"There have been no important collisions anywhere along the front. On the left bank of the Niemen and on the roads leading to Grodno only engagements of local character have occurred. North of Simno we routed a small German detachment with our cavalry and took some prisoners and two guns.

"In the vicinity of Kopciewe hostile columns suddenly found themselves under the fire of our artillery and suffered serious losses. After having repulsed the enemy in the sectors of the wood nearest Augustowo our troops concentrated in the region of Lepsk.

"On the right bank of the Narew and Bobr rivers there has been no change. The artillery at Ossowetz has continued to operate successfully against the siege batteries. An attempt by the Germans to assume the offensive along the River Orzyo resulted in no gain of ground. In fact, the enemy was compelled to cede us some villages and small sections of the forest.

"North of Przasnysz the Germans approached to within 1,500 paces of our trenches, but did not succeed in their offensive, which was checked by our fire, and they had to withdraw their front. In the trenches evacuated by the Germans we captured many rifles and much ammunition.

"In the Carpathians and Galicia a fierce snowstorm and deep drifts have hindered the operations, but nevertheless we have forced the Austrians to retire from their positions in the Smolnik district. The enemy has attacked us again in the Koziouwka region, but without success."

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, via London.—The following official Austrian statement was issued here:

"Fighting in the Carpathians on the road from Cisma to Baligrod continues. A height for which we had been fighting for some days came into our possession. Our troops blew up parts of the enemy's position and took more than 1,200 officers and men prisoners. A Russian counter-attack against this position and adjacent heights was repulsed with severe losses."

AVIATOR FIRED GERMAN COAL.

Four Thousand Tons Destroyed, 20,000 Menaced.

Geneva, via Paris.—The largest coal depot on the Rhine, located at Strassburg, which was set afire by a bomb dropped by a French aviator during a raid of 15 days ago, is still burning. Four thousand tons of coal have been destroyed and 20,000 tons more are menaced. Some fear is felt that the fire may endanger Strassburg.

VIENNA NEAR FAMINE, REPORT.

Poor Reported To Be Suffering Acutely, Venice Hears.

Venice, Italy, via London.—Private letters received here from Vienna say that the poorer classes in that city are suffering acutely on account of the scarcity of food. Meat has long since disappeared from their tables. Bread is scarce and high in price, it being almost impossible to buy flour.

Lard costs more than butter. Although eggs, milk and buter have risen greatly in price, it probably will become still more difficult to obtain them in the near future, as farmers are unable to procure fodder, and are killing their cows and chickens.

MORE TROOPS TO CHINA.

Second Jap Squadron Sails With 30,000, Making 60,000.

Peking.—The Chinese Government has official information to the effect that the second Japanese squadron, conveying two divisions of approximately 30,000 soldiers, has sailed for China. The forwarding of these troops will increase the number of Japanese soldiers in the garrisons in China to nearly 60,000. The new troops will be distributed in Manchuria, Shantung, Tienstin and Hankow, where the present forces at the Japanese garrisons number nearly 30,000.

AMERICAN OFFICERS GO EAST.

Six Army Men Complete Tour Of Western Lines.

Berlin, via London.—A party of six American army officers left Berlin for the eastern battle front under the guidance of Captain Maltzahn. They recently returned from a tour of inspection of the western lines. The group is composed of Lieut.-Col. Joseph E. Kuhn, of the engineers; Major Clarence C. Williams, of the Ordnance Department; Major Dwight E. Aultman, of the field artillery; Capt. Samuel D. Roockenbach, of the cavalry; Capt. Wilson B. Burtt, of the infantry, and Capt. Samuel G. Shartle, of the coast artillery.

GRAND OLD MAN OF RUSSIA DEAD

Count Sergius Julovich Witte's Life Has Ended.

London.—Count Sergius Julovich Witte, Russia's first prime minister, died Saturday night, says a Petrograd dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company.

Count Witte, who was born June 29, 1849, at Tiflis, was one of the Russian plenipotentiaries at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in the negotiations for peace with Japan in 1905. He afterwards was made a count and appointed president of the new ministry, but retired in 1906 and held no important post after that time.

CRUISER NOW IN U. S. PORT

United States Government Will Probably Seek Honorable Amends Under International Law, Also Reparation for Owners.

Washington.—Arrival of the German concerted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich at Newport News with the announcement that during her four months' scouring of the seas as a commerce raider she had sent to the bottom one vessel which was American owned and flew the flag of the United States, profoundly stirred official Washington. In the absence of a detailed story of the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye off the coast of South America judgment was withheld, but there was no attempt to deny the seriousness of the incident, and it was conceded that on its face it bore the appearance of an unfriendly act upon the part of a German ship of war, which must result in diplomatic negotiations with the German government.

Information from Newport News was in substance that the Frye was blown up because the commander of the Eitel held her cargo of wheat to be contraband. It was pointed out that wheat is not contraband unless consigned to a belligerent government or some agent of such government.

Every effort will be made by the State and Treasury Departments to get to the bottom of the case at once. If necessary, the State Department will conduct an inquiry of its own and will not undertake negotiations with Germany until its case is clear.

URGES GREECE TO ENTER WAR.

Former Premier Declares Nation Has Great Opportunity.

Athens.—Former Premier Venizelos publishes a statement in the Ethnos in which he appeals to the new government to abandon neutrality. The article urges that the present moment offers Greece a chance to quadruple itself. It adds that if the new ministry will embrace the opportunity, M. Venizelos will guarantee it the support of the majority in Parliament.

TORPEDO SINKS BRITISH PATROL

Cruiser Sunk Off Scotch Coast and 200 Lives Lost.

MILLION MEN IN BIG BATTLE

The British In Flanders Attacking the Germans To Relieve the Pressure On Russians—The Battle Of La Bassee.

London.—Just as the French attacked the Germans in the western campaign, when Field Marshal von Hindenburg made his big rush from East Prussia last month, so the British army operating in Flanders has undertaken the task of relieving the pressure on its Russian ally, now that the Russians again are being attacked in North Poland.

This is part of the general plan of the allied generals. When one is attacked the other attacks, so as to compel the Germans and Austrians to keep strong forces at every point, and endeavor to prevent them from sending new troops where they could do the most good.

At present the Germans are occupied in an attempt to crush the Russians. For this purpose they are reported to have an army estimated at nearly a half million men marching along the roads toward Przasnysz.

To prevent this army from being further strengthened the British are thrusting at the German line north of La Bassee, and besides reporting the capture of the village of Neuvre Chapelle, it is asserted that they have advanced beyond that town.

The battle taking place on the eastern front, experts say, is the biggest pitched battle of the war, no less than a million men being engaged in it.

The Germans in their official report claim to have made some advance, while Petrograd considers it likely that the Russians will have to fall back beyond Przasnysz, as they did last month, before making their stand.

It probably will be days before a definite result is attained in this battle, as with the frozen roads the Russians can push forward reinforcements and choose their battleground.

CRUISER SUNK BY SUBMARINE.

The Bayano, British Auxiliary Vessel, Destroyed By Germans.

London.—The Admiralty announces the loss of the auxiliary cruiser Bayano while the vessel was engaged in patrol duty. The Bayano was built in 1913 at Glasgow and was 416 feet long and 3,500 tons displacement.

In its statement of the disaster the Admiralty says:

"On the 11th of March wreckage of the Bayano and bodies were discovered, and circumstances point to her having been sunk by an enemy torpedo.

"Eight officers and 18 men were rescued, but it is feared that the remainder of the crew were lost.

"The captain of the Belfast steamer Castlereagh reports passing Thursday morning a quantity of wreckage and dead bodies floating in life belts. He attempted to search for possible survivors, but was prevented by the appearance of an enemy submarine, which gave chase for 20 minutes."

The Belfast correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the Bayano was torpedoed Thursday morning at 9 o'clock off Corsewall Point, Wigtownshire, Scotland, and that nearly 200 lives were lost, as the cruiser sank almost immediately. The vessel had a crew of about 216 men on board.

Wigtownshire is the southwesternmost county in Scotland. It lies on the North Channel, which leads into the Irish Sea from the Atlantic.

ITALY SEEMS NEAR WAR.

Premier's Rebuke Of Neutrality Cry So Interpreted.

Rome.—Premier Salandra, after his visit Sunday to Gatta to open a new military harbor, a journey during which a considerable degree of national feeling was manifested, had a long interview with Foreign Minister Sonnino.

The council of ministers were in session. These facts, together with other indications, lead to the widespread belief that Italy today is upon the eve of great and decisive events.

One of the Premier's remarks at Getta is attracting considerable attention. Referring to the kind of brown bread allowed in Italy after March 22, Signor Salandra said:

"This is a noble bread. Our soldiers will be the first to be sacrificed, and Italians will see the destiny of their country accomplished."

ITALY MAKING READY.

While Diplomats Parley, Preparations For War Go Rapidly Ahead.

Rome, via Paris.—The Italian government apparently is anxious to have it become known that the Government has not initiated or urged any negotiations for territorial compensation from Austria. Military preparations are being pushed with great vigor, the Government desiring to be ready for any contingency.

TAKES THE JOY OUT OF SPRING

MUST MAKE AMENDS FOR SINKING SHIP

Germany Will Do it Voluntarily or Be Asked for Reparation.

CRUISER TO BE DOCKED

President Wilson Taking Personal Charge of a Searching Inquiry—Kiehne To Be Interrogated In Washington.

"UNFORTUNATE ZEAL" DEPLORED.

Amsterdam. — The German Government regards the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich as unwarranted, according to dispatches from Berlin.

A strong protest is expected from Washington. This protest will be met in a most conciliatory spirit and Germany will assure the Washington Government that Captain Thierichens acted solely upon his own responsibility, the Berlin dispatches asserted.

Berlin dispatches said officials united in ascribing the act to "the unfortunate zeal of an excitable captain."

Washington.—Unless the German government voluntarily offers to make restitution for the destruction of the American ship Frye, sunk by the converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich in the South Atlantic, and expresses regret for the occurrence, strong protest will be made by the United States with a request for reparation.

No announcements concerning the case probably will be made, it was said by high officials, until after an investigation of all the facts had been completed. President Wilson, at the White House, stated that a searching inquiry would be conducted.

Officials were unanimous in their opinion—and it was shared largely by diplomatists, too — that the commander of the Prinz Eitel had no right to send the Frye to the bottom. It was considered probable by officials that the German government, after being apprised of the facts, would admit the error of the naval commander and agree to make the usual reparation. Some officials thought sufficient amends, after the payment of damages, would be the court-martialling of the German officer.

Getting the Facts.

It was made clear at the State Department that whatever action would be taken as a result of the sinking of the Frye would be entirely dissassociated from questions arising out of the entry into an American port of the Prinz Eitel desiring time for repairs. The vessel could, therefore, depart, leaving the questions raised by the destruction of the American ship to be settled through diplomatic channels.

Captain Boy-Ed, naval attache of the German Embassy, conferred with the captain of the Prinz Eitel and obtained a sworn statement of the facts for the German government.

Captain Kiehne, of the Frye, has been asked to keep the members of his crew together, so that all the testimony necessary for diplomatic correspondence may be gathered.

"DRY" VERMONT REFERENDUM.

Bill Passes Both Houses And Goes To Governor.

Montpelier, Vt.—The prohibition referendum bill previously adopted by the House passed the Senate. If the bill is approved by Governer Gates the question of State prohibition will be decided at the municipal election in March, 1916. After 60 years of prohibition the State adopted a local option policy at a special election in 1903.

Examination of precedents in international law revealed to State Department officials that irrespective of the provisions of the Declaration of London, the status of which is uncertain because it was not generally ratified, the general rules of maritime practice have prohibited the destruction of a neutral vessel under the circumstances in which the Frye was found in the South Atlantic by the Prinz Eitel.

It was said in official quarters that the American government took note of the fact that American citizens, by their enforced presence on board a German cruiser for more than a month, had been subjected to unnecessary risks which might have invoived serious dangers to them, and that this probably would be one of the points in the correspondence which is certain to develop between the United States and Germany over the incident.

German Contention.

That the Frye was carrying wheat and no other kind of cargo has been established in official reports. The German commander claims that as the wheat was consigned "to order" and bound for England, it therefore could be presumed to be contraband.

FRYE'S CARGO SOLD IN TRANSIT.

Wheat Purchased By London Firm Before Ship Was Sunk.

Portland, Ore.—Heatley & Co., of London, purchased while in transit the grain on the American sailing ship William P. Frye, which was sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, according to Max H. Houser, a Portland grain dealer, who loaded the cargo at Seattle. The transfer took place before the Frye was sunk, and the shippers are not affected by the loss.

GERMANS THREATEN REPRISALS.

British Action On Submarine Crews Raises Storm.

London.—The decision of the British Government to segregate the captured crews of German sugmarines and perhaps institute criminal proceedings against them for attacks on unarmed merchantmen has evoked heated comment from Berlin newspapers.

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent quotes the Vossische Zeitung as saying that the British are acting in blind rage.

It asserts that if the British Admiralty carries its plans into effect it cannot fail to result in reprisals.

The Lokal Anzeiger says that corresponding counter-measures will be taken by Germany.

McADOO OPERATED ON.

Physicians Say Patient Is In Favorable Condition.

Washington. — Secretary McAdoo was operated upon for appendicitis at a hospital here. The physicians issued a bulletin, saying the operation had been successful in every way and that their patient was in a very favorable condition.

Mrs. McAdoo, President Wilson's youngest daughter, accompanied her husband to the hospital and waited in the anteroom until the operation was over.

LILLE FINED FOR PATRIOTISM.

Taxed $100,000 By Germans Because People Cheered French.

Berlin.—Because the inhabitants of Lille, a city in France occupied by the Germans, made a demonstration in honor of a group of prisoners of war brought into the city, the German military authorities in control imposed a tax of 500,000 francs ($100,000), to be paid by the city before March 20.

SUBMARINE U-12 SUNK.

British Destroyer Ariel Rams German Undersea Boat.

London.—The British Admiralty announced that the torpedo boat destroyer Ariel had rammed and sunk the German submarine U-12. Ten of its crew of 28 were saved. As in the case of other submarines sunk, the Admiralty gives no details beyond the mere fact that the destroyer rammed her.

GENERAL VILLA GIVES WARNING

Will Fight Any Troops Who Enter Mexico.

AGAINST INTERVENTION

Secretary Bryan Announces That the Food Shortage Is Serious—Obregon Appears Not To Have Evacuated Mexico City.

El Paso, Tex.—General Villa in a statement received from Torreon declared that in event of intervention of foreign troops to subdue the Carranza forces he and all other Mexicans would unite against the invaders.

He denied recent interviews in American newspapers, which, he said, had just been called to his attention, in which he was quoted as saying that he would not oppose armed intervention on the part of several powers "to reduce Carranza to order," provided that he would be made commander of such a move.

"There is nothing more grotesque and absurd than such an assertion," said the message from the Northern leader, "since I, as a true Mexican, always have insisted that all our troubles be settled solely among ourselves. Should, unfortunately, some nation invade our territory, I would be ready to fight against it without measuring the danger or the number of the invaders until I would see the entire country in the possession of Mexicans only. All of us would fight united against the common enemy."

Situation Still Serious.

Washington.—Secretary Bryan announced that the food situation in Mexico City was still very serious and that the forces of General Obregon appeared not to have evacuated the city as yet, though this was expected at any moment.

MRS. ROCKEFELLER DEAD.

End Comes While Husband and Son Are Away.

Tarrytown, N. Y.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, wife of the richest man in the world, died suddenly, in her seventy-sixth year, at the Rockefeller country home in Pocantico Hills. She had been an invalid for a year, but during the last few months her health had so improved that the rapid turn for the worse which her illness took Friday morning was not anticipated by her family.

For this reason it happened that the only relative at her bedside when she died at 10.20 A. M. was her sister, Miss Lucy M. Spelman. Her husband and her son, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., were at Ormond, Fla., where they went—Mr. Rockefeller, Sr., on February 28 and his son last Friday, accompanied by his wife—believing that Mrs. Rockefeller was growing better.

9-YEAR-OLD BOY MOONSHINER.

Child Found Operating Still In West Virginia.

Bluefield, W. Va.—United States Deputy Marshal Hurt, with a posse, capturing the youngest bootlegger on record 20 miles from Norton in the person of William Hubbard, aged 9. The revenue officers found Hubbard, with an 18-year-old cousin, operating a still with a capacity of 30 gallons. The father of young Hubbard has been convicted twice for illicit distilling and the boy has been taught the business from the cradle.

ZEPPELIN L-8 DESTROYED.

Seventeen Of Crew Killed When Airship Hit Trees.

Amsterdam, via London.—The Telegraaf's Tiremont, Belgium, correspondent confirms the report of the destruction there last Thursday of Zeppelin airship L-8, which was forced to make a hurried descent owing to a derangement of its motors. The correspondent says the airship collided with some trees and smashed its cars, and that 17 of its crew of 41 men were killed.

7 OF 2,855 SHIPS TORPEDOED.

British Admiralty Reports On German Submarine Campaign.

London.—The British Admiralty announces that out of a total of 1,513 ships arriving at and 1,342 leaving Great Britain during the period from February 18 to March 3, only seven were torpedoed by hostile submarines.

KATHERINE PAGE TO MARRY.

C. P. Loring, Architect, Fiance Of Ambassador's Daughter.

London.—The engagement of Miss Katherine Page, daughter of American Ambassador Walter Hines Page, to Charles P. Loring, an architect of Boston, was formally announced here.

The largest order of merit in the world is the French Legion of Honor, which has more than half a million members.

The Call of the Cumberlands

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations from Photographs of Scenes in the Play

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CHAPTER XV—Continued.

In two days, the grand jury, with much secrecy, returned a true bill, and a day later a considerable detachment of infantry started on a dusty hike up Misery. Furtive and inscrutable Hollman eyes along the way watched them from cabin doors, and counted them. They meant also to count them coming back, and they did not expect the totals to tally.

* * * * * * *

Back of an iron spiked fence, and a dusty sunburned lawn, the barrack-like facades of the old administration building and Kentucky state capitol frowned on the street and railroad track. About it, on two sides of the Kentucky river, sprawled the town of Frankfort; sleepy, more or less dishevveled at the center, and stretching to shaded environs of colonial houses set in lawns of rich bluegrass, amid the shade of forest trees. Circling the town in an embrace of quiet beauty rose the Kentucky river hills.

Turning in to the gate of the statehouse enclosure, a man, who seemed to be an easterner by the cut of his clothes, walked slowly up the brick walk, and passed around the fountain at the front of the capitol. His steps carried him direct to the main entrance of the administration building, and, having paused a moment in the rotunda, he entered the secretary's office of the executive suite, and asked for an interview with the governor.

"Have you an appointment?" the secretary asked.

The visitor shook his head. Scribbling a brief note on a slip of paper, he inclosed it in an envelope and handed it to his questioner.

"You must pardon my seeming mysteriousness," he said, "but if you let me send in that note I think the governor will see me."

Once more the secretary studied his man with a slightly puzzled air, then nodded and went through the door that gave admission to the executive's office.

His excellency opened the envelope and his face showed an expression of surprise. He raised his brows questioningly.

"Rough-looking sort?" he inquired. "Mountaineer?"

"No, sir. New Yorker would be my guess. Is there anything suspicious?"

"I guess not." The governor laughed. "Rather extraordinary note, but send him in."

Through his eastern window the governor gazed off across the hills of South Frankfort, to the ribbon of river that came down from the troublesome hills. Then, hearing a movement at his back, he turned, and his eyes took in a well-dressed figure with confidence-inspiring features.

He picked up the slip from his desk and, for a moment, stood comparing the name and the message with the man who had sent them in. There seemed to be in his mind some irreconcilable contradiction between the two. With a slightly frowning seriousness the executive suggested:

"This note says that you are Samson South and that you want to see me with reference to a pardon. Whose pardon is it, Mr. South."

"My own, sir."

The governor raised his brows slightly.

"Your pardon for what? The newspapers do not even report that you have yet been indicted." He shaded the word "yet" with a slight emphasis.

"I think I have been indicted within the past day or two. I'm not sure myself."

The governor continued to stare. The impression he had formed of the "Wildcat" from press dispatches was warring with the pleasing personal presence of this visitor. Then his forehead wrinkled under his black hair and his lips drew themselves sternly.

"You have come to me too soon, sir," he said curtly. "The pardoning power is a thing to be most cautiously used at all times, and certainly never until the courts have acted. A case not yet adjudicated cannot address itself to executive clemency."

Samson nodded.

"Quite true," he admitted. "If I announced that I had come on the matter of a pardon, it was largely that I had to state some business and that seemed the briefest way of putting it."

"Then there is something else?"

"Yes. If it were only a plea for clemency I should expect the matter to be chiefly important to myself. In point of fact, I hope to make it equally interesting to you. Whether you give me a pardon in a fashion which violates all precedent, or whether I surrender myself and go back to a trial which will be merely a form of assassination rests entirely with you, sir. You will not find me insistent."

Then Samson launched into the story of his desires and the details of conditions which outside influences had been powerless to remedy—because they were outside influences. Some man of sufficient vigor and comprehension, acting from the center of disturbance, must be armed with the power to undertake the house-cleaning, and for a while must do work that would not be pretty. As far as he was personally concerned, a pardon after trial would be a matter of purely academic interest. He could not expect to survive a trial. He was at present able to hold the Souths in leash. If the governor was not of that mind he was now ready to surrender himself and permit matters to take their course.

"And now, Mr. South," suggested the governor, after a half-hour of absorbed listening, "there is one point you have overlooked. Since in the end the whole thing comes back to the exercise of the pardoning power, it is after all the crux of the situation. You may be able to render such services as those for which you volunteer. Let us for the moment assume that to be true. You have not yet told me a very important thing. Did you or did you not kill Purvy and Hollis?"

"I killed Hollis," said Samson, as though he were answering a question as to the time of day, "and I did not kill Purvy."

"Kindly," suggested the governor, "give me the full particulars of that affair."

The two were still closeted when a second visitor called and was told that his excellency could not be disturbed. The second visitor, however, was so insistent that the secretary finally consented to take in the card. After a glance at it his chief ordered admission.

The door opened and Captain Callomb entered.

He was now in civilian clothes, with portentous news written on his face. He paused in annoyance at the sight of a second figure standing with back turned at the window. Then Samson wheeled and the two men recognized each other. They had met before only when one was in olive drab; the other in jeans and butternut. At recognition Callomb's face fell and grew troubled.

"You here, South!" he exclaimed. "I thought you promised me that I shouldn't find you. God knows I didn't want to meet you."

"Nor I you," Samson spoke slowly. "I supposed you'd be raking the hills."

Neither of them was for the moment paying the least attention to the governor, who stood quietly looking on.

"I sent Merriweather out there," explained Callomb, impatiently. "I wanted to come here before it was too late. God knows, South, I wouldn't have had this meeting occur for anything under heaven. It leaves me no choice. You are indicted on two counts, each charging you with murder." The officer took a step toward the center of the room. His face was weary, and his eyes wore the deep disgust and fatigue that come from the necessity of performing a hard duty.

"You are under arrest," he added quietly, but his composure broke as he stormed. "Now, by God, I've got to take you back and let them murder you, and you're the man who might have been useful to the state."

CHAPTER XVI.

The governor had been more influenced by watching the two as they talked than by what he had heard.

"It seems to me, gentleman," he suggested quietly, "that you are both overlooking my presence." He turned to Callomb.

"Your coming, Sid, unless it was prearranged between the two of you (which, since I know you, I know was not the case) has shed more light on this matter than the testimony of a dozen witnesses. After all, I'm still the governor."

The militiaman seemed to have forgotten the existence of his distinguished kinsman, and, at the voice, his eyes came away from the face of the man he had not wanted to capture, and he shook his head.

"You are merely the head of the executive branch," he said. "You are as helpless here as I am. Neither of us can interfere with the judicial gentry, though we may know that they stink to high heaven with the stench of blood. After a conviction, you can pardon, but a pardon won't help the dead. I don't see that you can do much of anything, Crit."

"I don't know yet what I can do, but I can tell you I'm going to do something," said the governor. "You can just begin watching me. In the meantime, I believe I am commander-in-chief of the state troops."

"And I am captain of 'F' company, but all I can do is to obey the orders of a bunch of Borgias."

"As your superior officer," smiled the governor, "I can give you orders. I'm going to give you one now. Mr. South has applied to me for a pardon in advance of trial. Technically, I have the power to grant that request. Morally, I doubt my right. Certainly, I shall not do it without a very thorough sifting of evidence and grave consideration of the necessities of the case—as well as the danger of the precedent. However, I am considering it, and for the present you will parole your prisoner in my custody. Mr. South, you will not leave Frankfort without my permission. You will take every precaution to conceal your actual identity. You will treat as utterly confidential all that has transpired here—and, above all, you will not let newspaper men discover you. Those are my orders. Report here tomorrow afternoon, and remember that you are my prisoner."

Samson bowed and left the two cousins together, where shortly they were joined by the attorney general. That evening, the three dined at the executive mansion, and sat until midnight in the governor's private office, still deep in discussion. During the long session, Callomb opened the bulky volume of the Kentucky statutes, and laid his finger on section 2673.

"There's the rub," he protested, reading aloud: "'The military shall be at all times, and in all cases, in strict subordination to the civil power.'"

The governor glanced down to the next paragraph and read in part: "'The governor may direct the commanding officer of the military force to report to any one of the following-named officers of the district in which the said force is employed: Mayor of a city, sheriff, jailer or marshal.'"

"Which list," stormed Callomb, "is the honor roll of the assassins."

"At all events"—the governor had derived from Callomb much information as to Samson South which the mountaineer himself had modestly withheld—"South gets his pardon. That is only a step. I wish I could make him satrap over his province, and provide him with troops to rule it. Unfortunately, our form of government has its drawbacks."

"It might be possible," ventured the attorney general, "to impeach the sheriff, and appoint this or some other suitable man to fill the vacancy until the next election."

"The legislature doesn't meet until next winter," objected Callomb. "There is one chance. The sheriff down there is a sick man. Let us hope he may die."

One day, the Hixon conclave met in the room over Hollman's Mammoth Department store, and with much profanity read a communication from Frankfort, announcing the pardon of Samson South. In that episode, they foresaw the beginning of the end for their dynasty. The outside world was looking on, and their regime could not survive the spotlight of law-loving scrutiny.

"The fust thing," declared Judge Hollman, curtly, "is to get rid of these damned soldiers. We'll attend to our own business later, and we don't want them watchin' us. Just now, we want to lie mighty quiet for a spell—teetotally quiet until I pass the word."

Samson had won back the confidence of his tribe, and enlisted the faith of the state administration. He had been authorized to organize a local militia company, and to drill them, provided he could stand answerable for their conduct. The younger Souths took gleefully to that idea. The mountain boy makes a good soldier, once he has grasped the idea of discipline. For ten weeks, they drilled daily in squads and weekly in platoons. Then, the fortuitous came to pass. Sheriff Forbin died, leaving behind him an unexpired term of two years, and Samson was summoned hastily to Frankfort. He returned, bearing his commission as high sheriff, though, when the news reached Hixon, there were few men who envied him his post, and none who cared to bet that he would live to take his oath of office.

That August court day was a memorable one in Hixon. Samson South was coming to town to take up his duties. Every one recognized it as the day of final issue, and one that could hardly pass without bloodshed. The Hollmans, standing in their last trench, saw only the blunt question of Hollman-South supremacy. For years, the feud had flared and slept and broken again into eruptions, but never before had a South sought to throw his outposts of power across the waters of Crippleshin, and into the county seat. That the present South came bearing commission as an officer of the law only made his effrontery the more unendurable.

Samson had not called for outside troops. The drilling and disciplining of his own company had progressed in silence along the waters of Misery. They were a slouching, unmilitary band of uniformed vagabonds, but they were longing to fight, and Callomb had been with them, tirelessly whipping them into rudimentary shape. After all, they were as much partisans as they had been before they were issued state rifles. The battle, if it came, would be as factional as the fight of 25 years ago, when the Hollmans held the store and the Souths the courthouse. But back of all that lay one essential difference, and it was this difference that had urged the governor to stretch the forms of law and put such dangerous power into the hands of one man. That difference was the man himself. He was to take drastic steps, but he was to take them under the forms of law, and the state executive believed that, having gone through worse to better, he would maintain the improved condition.

Early that morning, men began to assemble along the streets of Hixon; and to congregate into sullen clumps with set faces that denoted a grim, unsmiling determination. Not only the Hollmans from the town and immediate neighborhood were there, but their shaggier, fiercer brethren from remote creeks and covers, who came only at urgent call, and did not come without intent of vindicating their presence. Old Jake Hollman, from "over yon" on the headwaters of Dryhole creek, brought his son and fourteen-year-old grandson, and all of them carried Winchesters. Long before the hour for the courthouse bell to sound the call which would bring matters to a crisis, women disappeared from the streets, and front shutters and doors closed themselves. At last, the Souths began to ride in by half-dozens, and to hitch their horses at the racks. they also fell into groups well apart. The two factions eyed each other somberly, sometimes nodding or exchanging greetings, for the time had not yet come to fight. Slowly, however, the Hollmans began centering about the courthouse. They swarmed in the yard, and entered the empty jail, and overran the halls and offices of the building itself. The Souths, now coming in a solid stream, flowed with equal unanimity to McEwer's hotel, near the square, and disappeared inside. Besides their rifles, they carried saddlebags, but not one of the uniforms which some of these bags contained, nor one of the cartridge belts, had yet been exposed to view.

Stores opened, but only for a desultory pretense of business. Horsemen led their mounts away from the more public racks, and tethered them to back fences and willow branches in the shelter of the river banks, where stray bullets would not find them.

The dawn that morning had still been gray when Samson South and Captain Callomb had passed the Miller cabin. Callomb had ridden slowly on around the turn of the road, and waited a quarter of a mile away. He was to command the militia that day, if the high sheriff should call upon him. Samson went in and knocked, and instantly to the cabin door came Sally's slender, fluttering figure. She put both arms about him, and her eyes, as she looked into his face, were terrified, but tearless.

"I'm frightened, Samson," she whispered. "God knows I'm going to be praying all this day."

"Sally," he said, softly, "I'm coming back to you—but, if I don't"—he held her very close—"Uncle Spicer has my will. The farm is full of coal, and days are coming when roads will take it out, and every ridge will glow with coke furnaces. That farm will make you rich, if we win today's fight."

"Don't!" she cried, with a sudden gasp. "Don't talk like that."

"I must," he said, gently. "I want you to make me a promise, Sally."

"It's made," she declared.

"If by any chance I should not come back, I want you to hold Uncle Spicer and old Wile McCager to their pledge. They must not privately avenge me. They must still stand for the law. I want you, and this is most important of all, to leave these mountains—"

Her hands tightened on his shoulder.

"Not that, Samson," she pleaded; "not these mountains where we've been together."

"You promised. I want you to go to the Lescotts in New York. In a year,

He Held Her Very Close.

you can come back—if you want to; but you must promise that."

"I promise," she reluctantly yielded.

It was half-past nine o'clock when Samson South and Sidney Callomb rode side by side into Hixon from the east. A dozen of the older Souths, who had not become soldiers, met them there, and, with no word, separated to close about them in a circle of protection. As Callomb's eyes swept the almost deserted streets, so silent that the strident switching of a freight train could be heard down at the edge of town, he shook his head. As he met the sullen glances of the gathering in the courthouse yard, he turned to Samson.

"They'll fight," he said, briefly.

Samson nodded.

"I don't understand the method," demurred the officer, with perplexity. "Why don't they shoot you at once. What are they waiting for?"

"They want to see," Samson assured him, "what tack I mean to take. They want to let the thing play itself out. They're inquisitive—and they're cautious, because now they are bucking the state and the world."

Samson with his escort rode up to the courthouse door and dismounted. He was for the moment unarmed and his men walked on each side of him, while the onlooking Hollmans stood back in surly silence to let him pass. In the office of the county judge Samson said briefly:

"I want to get my deputies sworn in."

"We've got plenty of deputy sheriffs," was the quietly insolent rejoinder.

"Not now—we haven't any." Samson's voice was sharply incisive. "I'll name my own assistants."

"What's the matter with these boys?" The county judge waved his hand toward two hold-over deputies.

"They're fired."

The country judge laughed.

"Well, I reckon I can't attend to that right now."

"Then you refuse?"

"Mebby you might call it that."

Sampson leaned on the judge's table and rapped sharply with his knuckles. His handful of men stood close and Callomb caught his breath in the heavy air of storm-freighted suspense. The Hollman partisans filled the room and others were crowding to the door.

"I'm high sheriff of this county now," said Samson, sharply. "You are county judge. Do we co-operate—or fight?"

"I reckon," drawled the other, "that's a matter we'll work out as we goes along. Depends on how obedient ye air."

"I'm responsible for the peace and quiet of this county," continued Samson. "We're going to have peace and quiet."

The judge looked about him. The indications did not appear to him indicative of peace and quiet.

"Air we?" he inquired.

"I'm coming back here in a half hour," said the new sheriff. "This is an unlawful and armed assembly. When I get back I want to find the courthouse occupied only by unarmed citizens who have business here."

"When ye comes back," suggested the county judge, "I'd advise that ye resigns yore job. A half-hour is about as long as ye ought ter try ter hold hit."

Samson turned and walked through the scowling crowd to the courthouse steps.

"Gentlemen," he said, in a clear, far-carrying voice, "there is no need of an armed congregation at this courthouse. I call on you in the name of the law to lay aside your arms or scatter."

There was murmur which for an instant threatened to become a roar, but trailed into a chorus of derisive laughter.

Samson went to the hotel, accompanied by Callomb. A half-hour later the two were back at the courthouse with a half-dozen companions. The yard was empty. Samson carried his father's rifle. In that half-hour a telegram, prepared in advance, had flashed to Frankfort.

"Mob holds courthouse — need troops."

And a reply had flashed back:

"Use local company—Callomb commanding." So that form of law was met.

The courthouse doors were closed and its windows barricaded. The place was no longer a judicial building. It was a fortress. As Samson's party paused at the gate a warning voice called:

"Don't come no nigher!"

The body-guard began dropping back to shelter.

"I demand admission to the courthouse to make arrests," shouted the new sheriff. In answer a spattering of rifle reports came from the jail windows. Two of the Souths fell. At a word from Samson Callomb left on a run for the hotel. The sheriff himself took his position in a small store across the street, which he reached unhurt under a desultory fire.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NATURAL MEANS OF DEFENSE

Possibility That Another Generation of Fighters May Utilize Their Whiskers.

Here is a war comment from George W. Monroe, the comedian:

The Russian army has one advantage over all other armies, and that is whiskers. It has an entanglement of whiskers that nothing can penetrate—not even lyddite, shrapnel or slugs. A Russian soldier's whiskers are not the flossy kind that toss around with every passing gale. They are so durable that when he falls on them he does not even bend them; he drives them into the ground. The only time a Russian soldier is in danger is when he turns the back of his head to the enemy. The other armies may have the best tactics, armament, discipline, spirit and patriotism, but the Russian army has the chilled-steel whiskers.

The most difficult job a Red Cross nurse has to perform, after the Russian army has finished an engagement, is to comb the bullets and shells out of the soldiers' whiskers.

Fifty years from now, when the next great war is fought, it will not be a question of rapid-firing, long-range guns; it will be a question of whiskers. The world will ask which army has the best whiskers. Whiskers will decide the battle. Nations will no longer waste money in buying big guns and testing them. They will grow whiskers for national defense and they will test an army's efficiency by drawing up a company on the parade grounds and allowing a husky coal heaver to go down the line and hit each soldier in the face with an ax. Whiskers that won't make the ax bounce will be sent to the rear as unfit for the firing line.

Historic Fainting Spell.

Prince Oscar, the kaiser's fifth son, who has just returned to duty with the German army, left the fighting line after an engagement in which he saw the officers about him slaughtered by Turcos and himself collapsed from what has been pronounced a severe attack of heart trouble. In the Mexican war Brig. Gen. Franklin Pierce of New Hampshire fainted while in action from the pain of an injury sustained when his horse fell on him. This incident—this unmanly fainting at a time when other people were getting killed—was used unmercifully to make Pierce a target for ridicule in later years when he ran for the presidency.—Hartford Times.

Left the City Man Thinking.

A city man once had occasion to visit a farmer on business, and remained for dinner. The piece de resistance was literally a very tough chicken. Those at table, including the farmer's two young sons, struggled unsuccessfully to make some impression upon their respective helpings, when Sam turned to his brother. "Tom," he said softly, "I wish old Dick hadn't a-died. Don't you?"

ATTORNEYS.

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
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No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

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Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office E. W. corner Diamond two doors East First National Bank.

Penns Valley Banking Company
Centre Hall, Pa.
DAVID K. KELLER, Cashier
Receives Deposits . . .
& Discounts Notes . .

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Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World . . .
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No Mutuals
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Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy
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MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. O. STROHMEIER
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Manufacturer of and Dealer in
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In all kinds of
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COALSBURG TAVERN
COALSBURG, PA.
AMOS KOCH, PROPRIETOR
This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD PORT HOTEL
EDWARD RUTER, Proprietor
RATES $1.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to hunt will receive special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. All trains prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON
Graduate of the University of Penn'a. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1915

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Union, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning, communion; Spring Mills, afternoon. Preparatory service at Centre Hall Friday at 7:30 p. m., to be followed by the annual congregational meeting Rev. Joseph C. Kelly will be the preacher.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announces that James E. Harter of Penn township is a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, on the Democratic ticket, subject to the rules governing the Primary Election.

The Weather.

Readings of the thermometer are made daily at 5 p. m., and indicate the highest and lowest points reached during the preceding twenty-four hours.

MARCH	Highest	Lowest	Snowfall in Inches	Rainfall in Inches	Character of day
Wednesday, 10	39	22			F
Thursday, 11	37	18	1		C
Friday, 12	42	15			F
Saturday, 13	40	17			F
Sunday, 14	49	35			F
Monday, 15	50	22			P C
Tuesday, 16	46	28			F

means fair; *C* means cloudy; *P C* means partly cloudy.

Marriage Licenses.

Charles E. Rockey, Bellefonte
Caroline Miller, Bellefonte

Homer R. Breon, Penn's Furnace
Mildred J. Davis, Penn's Furnace

Clarence E. Knarr, Clinton county
Pearl A. Dougherty, Pollonsville

Howard E. Heaton, Bellefonte
Ruth R. Derstine, Bellefonte

Lectures on Fruit Growing.

Those interested in fruit growing were given two valuable lectures in Grange Hall, Friday evening of last week, by speakers sent out by Pennsylvania State College, the gentlemen being Prof. Fagan and Prof. Mason.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Centre County Fruit Growers Association, and was presided over by Cyrus Brungart, president of the body. One of the lectures was devoted to spraying and the other to the sale and packing of fruit.

LOCALS

Hail Thomas of near Howard spent a few days at the Daniel Callahan home, near Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dashem of Red Mill are the proud parents of a baby boy, born Tuesday of last week.

Thomas Keefer of Youngwood was a guest at the Brungart home in Centre Hall, from Saturday until Monday.

Venango county will be dry another year. On Monday Judge Criswell refused all of the seventeen applicants. He filed no opinion.

A bill has been introduced in the House providing that the owner of a farm may have the name of his farm patented so that he may have the exclusive use of that name.

A bill changing the deer season from November 10th to 25th to the first two weeks in December, and changes in the season for small game, passed the House finally on Monday.

Messrs. G. H. Emerick, George Ralston and P. H. Luse appraised the farm stock and implements of Perry W. Breon, on Monday. Chas. D. Bartholomew purchased the goods at the appraisers' figures, which were close to $1200

The Pine Stump rural telephone line is receiving new renters this spring. Guy Brooks had a 'phone installed last week and Harry E. Fye and Arthur Cummings are in line for the same service. This line will then have twenty-two telephones.

L. L. Smith advertises the King automobile in this issue. The King is as an aristocratic car as its name signifies, and prospective purchasers should ask Mr. Smith to demonstrate his car to them before thinking of buying any other. It has many of the high-priced features at a low cost.

Dr. W. H. Fry, the well known veterinarian of Pine Grove Mills, has disposed of his farm stock and implements and has retired from the activities of the farm after a period of fifty years. Dr. and Mrs Fry are now living in the Frank Miller home at the intersection of the White Hall and state roads.

School Report.

The sixth month of school came to a close for three of the four grades in the borough schools, last week, and their reports of attendance, together with the honor roll, are appended.

Intermediate—Whole number in attendance during month, male 18, female 18, total 36 Average attendance during month, male 17, female 17, total 34. Per cent. of attendance during month, male 97, female 94, total 96 Per cent. of attendance during term till date, male 96, female 95, total 95 Pupils present every day during month: Isaiah Emery, Jefferson Slick, Harold Keller, William Sweetwood, Fred Lucas, Harold Breon, Albert Smith, Clyde Smith, Paul Fetterolf, Franklin Ruble, Miles Snyder, Albert Emery, Gertrude Ruble, Sara Zettle, Hazel Ripka, Grace Fye, Helen Krebs, Beatrice Kramer, Gladys Packer, Helen Lucas, Sara Snyder, Miriam Foss, Vivian Foss. Pupils present every day during term till date, Isaiah Emery, Fred Lucas, Howard Emery, Harold Breon, Albert Smith, Paul Fetterolf, Franklin Ruble, Miles Snyder, Albert Emery, Hazel Ripka.

Grammar grade—Whole number in attendance during month, male 10, female 16, total 26 Average attendance during month, male 10, female 16, total 26. Average attendance during term, male 9, female 15, total 24 Per cent. of attendance during month, male 96, female 98, total 97. Per cent. of attendance during term, male 94, female 95, total 95. Whole number of days attended during month, male 191½, female 312, total 503½ Whole number of days attended during term, male 1123½, female 1830, total 2953½. Pupils not absent during month, Lynn Bitner, Shannon Boozer, Ernest Frank, Ralph Henney, Frederick Moore, Gladys Jones, Carrie Mitterling, Pearl Ruble, Ruth Parsons, Ruth Bartges, Catharine Bradford, Catharine Ruble, Adaline McClenahan, Dorothy Ruble.

High School—Number of boys on roll 8, girls 10 Percentage of attendance, boys 82 girls 93 Number present every day, boys 2, girls 4. Visitors one—J. G. Pertz, high school inspector.

Brungart Sells and Buys Farm.

Former Sheriff Brungart sold his farm in Potter township, near Tusseyville, to William Bower, the price being $7500. This is the farm mention was made of in last week's issue as having been contracted for by George Horner and later having annulled the agreement. Mr. Bower paid the same sum as Mr. Horner had agreed to. The farm will be tenanted by Mr. Bower's son-in-law, Frank Dashem, who is abundantly able to successfully conduct it.

Mr. Brungart, on passing papers for the sale of his Potter township farm, bought the Brungart homestead, one mile east of Wolf's Store, the same having been purchased by Z. D. Thomas of Aaronsburg from the Brungart executors in 1899 for $5500. The farm contains 248 acres, 150 of which are under cultivation, the other being pasture and wood land. Mr. Brungart thinks he made a very good purchase, having paid $100 less than the farm was sold for. The present tenant, Mr. Smith, will continue there for at least a year.

Former Aaronsburg Boy Made Chaplain.

At the recent organization of the Kansas Legislature, Rev. John Adam Bright was elected Chaplain of the House of Representatives. Twenty-eight years ago he held a similar position in the House and twenty-six years ago was Chaplain of the State Senate. Rev. Bright is a native of Aaronsburg, but has resided in Kansas for the last thirty-three years.

Quilting Party.

A quilting party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gfrerer Wednesday of last week. The ladies present were Mrs. George Heckman, Mrs. C. F. Emery, Mrs. H. E. Homan, Mrs. A. W. Alexander, Mrs. Elmer Royer, Mrs. D. W. Bradford, Mrs James Stahl, Mrs. P. H. Luse, Mrs. Rudy, Mrs. Ella Arney, Mrs. Harry Shirk, Miss Jennie Stahl.

Orchard Demonstrations Next Week.

Two orchard demonstrations will be given in Centre county next week by the state department of agriculture T. C. Foster is the demonstrator for this county. The places selected are the orchards of Newton C. Neidigh, State College, Monday, March 22, and that of Miss Elizabeth D Green, Bellefonte, Wednesday, March 24 The meetings are public and commence at one o'clock.

Woman's Suffrage Resolution Wins.

By a vote of 37 ayes to 11 nays, the resolution proposing the woman suffrage amendment to the Pennsylvania Constitution was passed finally by the Senate, Monday night. The issue now goes to the voters of the State for decision at the coming fall election.

26,000 Horses for the War.

A Kansas City firm of horse and mule dealers contracted with the French government to supply them with 26,000 horses to be used in the war. The cost will be between five and six million dollars.

BOALSBURG

Edward Tussey of Sinking Valley was an over Sunday visitor in town.

W. C. Meyer of State College spent Thursday with his brother, J. H. Meyer, and family.

J. T. McCormick of State College attended to business in this place on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Zeigler, with their bright little boy, John Lewis, were recent visitors from Altoona.

Mrs. Adam Heckman and daughter Sara of Penn Hall spent Friday in Boalsburg.

John Patterson spent some time in Altoona.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hunter of Altoona made a business trip to Boalsburg last week.

Service in the Reformed church on Sunday at the regular hour, 10 15

Several families are obliged to leave Boalsburg this spring for the want of dwellings.

Mrs Ella Stuart of State College and sister, Mrs. Lizzie Jacobs, of Centre Hall spent Friday and Saturday at Boalsburg.

Samuel Kaup of Altoona and sister, Mrs. John Fisher, with her little grandson, Jack Fisher, of Bellefonte visited at their parental home over Sunday.

Mrs. Susanna Ishler and daughter, Miss Della, Harry Ishler, Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Ishler, attended the funeral of Mrs. William Ishler, at Bellefonte, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mervin W. Meyer attended the funeral of the latter's sister, Mrs. William Smith, at Aaronsburg, on Wednesday.

Mrs. George Boal and a number of the younger members of the civic club enjoyed the play "The hand of the Prophet" given in the Auditorium at State College on Friday evening for the benefit of the Bellefonte hospital.

T. D. Boal returned to his home for a short stay having spent the greater part of the winter at Miami, Florida, where he assisted in caring for his uncle, Theodore Davis, whose death occurred a few weeks ago.

Movings in town this week were: Amos Koch moved from Boalsburg to Aaronsburg; J. M. Ross from the farm near Linden Hall to his new house in Boalsburg; Ammon Hazel from Rebersburg to the home vacated by J. M. Wieland; Mr. Hazel will take possession of the Stuart store on the 22nd. We welcome all who are coming into our midst, and our best wishes go with the departing ones.

Walker Shutt recently purchased a lot from Ira Rishel, on Huckleberry street. On Friday he moved the old house from his lot on west main street (where he has a new up to date home erected) to the lot he purchased C. W. Corl and John Charles, with their engines, furnished the power. Assisted by other workmen and encouraged by a number of watchers, they succeeded in getting it up the hill. Mr. Shutt, with other workmen, will at once proceed to get the house ready for occupancy. Our new barber, Samuel Weaver, expects to bring his family from Millheim and will occupy the house.

Farmers Mills.

With the song of the blue bird around us, we feel sure that spring is at hand.

All are pleased to see Rev. Price again make his rounds as pastor of the U. Ev. church.

B. F. Rickert took his wife to the Lock Haven hospital last Wednesday and on the following day she was operated upon. The operation was successful and her complete recovery is assured. Mr. Rickert remained with his wife until Saturday.

Movings will soon be the go. The first to change location is Samuel Stover, from the Elias Weaver farm near Millheim, to the Musser farm; B. F. Rickert vacates the Allison farm to go on the Elias Weaver farm; Solomon Lingle from the A. B. Lee farm to Allison Bros. farm; James Swab from Colyer comes to the A. B. Lee farm.

Tusseyville

Miss Bertha Lingle is spending some time with her aunt, Mrs. Auman, at Centre Hall.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dasham, Tuesday.

Quite a number from here attended the installation of Rev. D S. Kurtz at Centre Hall Sunday.

Homer and Hoy Neff are sick with the grip.

Those sick with the measles are Anna Mary Fortney, Ezra Ripka's children, and William Lingle's children.

Paul Eminhizer will work for Arthur Holderman this summer.

Brush Valley.

Those who spent Sunday at the home of William Rachau were S. H. Beck and family, H. W. Long and family, George Long and family, A. H. Long, and C. C. Beck.

Rev. J. M. Gray will preach his first sermon in the Yearick U Ev. church on Sunday forenoon.

Rev. D. C. Caris preached an able sermon in Bethesta on Sunday.

Those on the sick list are Mrs. Elias Wert and Miss Grace Heckman.

Just to remind the supervisors: this would be a good time to erect new sign posts and boards.

PENN HALL

Hugh Runkle from Zion visited his sister, Mrs. Frank Musser, last week.

John Horner spent Wednesday with his sister, Mrs. Kramer.

Ralph Shook and family will move to Brush Valley on Thursday.

Harry Ulrich and family spent Sunday at the home of Frank Musser.

Mrs. Harvey Smith is suffering with a bealing in her head and an attack of grip.

Frank Musser purchased a team of horses at the horse sale at Millheim on Friday.

Mrs. Charles and David Bartges spent Thursday at the home of John Hosterman.

Mrs. George Shook and Irma spent Wednesday at the home of Jacob Meyer.

George Shook and family spent Monday at the home of Charles Bartges.

Ralph Shook and family spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Shook's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Long.

Charles Bartges and family spent Sunday evening at the home of Daniel Corman.

Lawrence Runkle from Centre Hall visited friends here on Tuesday.

Mrs. Guise went to Centre Hall on Monday to spend the week with her daughter, Mrs. John Dauberman.

Clara Condo visited her parents over Sunday.

Mrs. Susan Burrell and two sons, Charles and Matthew, from Millheim, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs Robert Bartges.

Samuel Hosterman visited his parents over Sunday, and Cora says she is always glad when he comes home as he visits her, too.

Mrs. Sarah Hartman returned home to her son, Wallace Musser, on Saturday after spending a few months with friends and relatives at Williamsport.

James Hall and family moved from Millmont to the home he bought from Mrs. Bertha Kline, near Cross Road school house.

Ardie Keller from Madisonburg spent a few days with her uncle, Adam Keller, and family. Christie Keller visited his sister, Mrs. Frank Fisher, over Sunday.

CENTRE MILLS

Mr. and Mrs. Reish and little daughter spent several days this week with friends at State College.

Mr. Stump of Spring Bank was run over by a cow last week and is suffering much from the injury received on his leg.

Ira Shultz's children are down with mumps.

Paul Shaffer and sister, Miss Mary, visited their brother at Spring Mills over Sunday.

One of Mr. Bert's children is suffering from mumps.

Mr. and Mrs. Cummings and children spent Sunday with friends near Madisonburg.

PLUMBING
Fixtures of all kinds.
WATER PIPES
Repair work of all kinds done at reasonable price.
Stock not on hand will be ordered promptly.
W. F. FLORAY

Attention Farmers!
Capitol Stock Remedy
Capitol Poultry Remedy
Capitol Hog Remedy
Pratts Remedies for poultry.
—THEY ARE ALL GOOD—
DRUG STORE

See me for best prices on all sizes of
WATER PIPES
-also-
PUMPS and REPAIRS
Everything in the Plumbing Line—bathroom fixtures, etc., at lowest prices.
S. J. ROWE
Centre Hall, Pa.

ADVERTISEMENTS

CLOVERSEED FOR SALE—Choice seed that tests 97 1-10 per cent. pure. Will sell for $9.75 - ARTHUR HOLDERMAN, Colyer, Pa. 10.0.12.

FOUND—Two keys that were left in the plumbing shop of J. S Rowe. Same can be had by calling at this office and paying for advertisement.

TWO GOOD HORSES FOR SALE.—12-year old roan horse, 1250 lbs., will work anywhere; Bay mare, 11 years old, weighs 1300 lbs; will work anywhere good buggy mare. Can be bought at a reasonable figure. Write or 'phone J. H. BURKHOLDER, Centre Hill, Pa. P. O., Spring Mills, Pa., R. D. 4. o.13.p'd.

HOUSE FOR RENT OR SALE.—In Milesburg borough, suitable for country hotel or reside ce. Best locality in town Ten rooms and kitchen, summer house and other outbuildings; good stable and garage; large front and side porch; city water and full bath room; acetiene gas; good hot air furnace; garden and fruit. Right man can make good with hotel.
Also good lots at State College, Pa.
Inquire of L. C. BULLOCK, Jr., Agent, 300 Atherton St., State College, Pa.
o.11 p'd

IF you want to buy or sell property in or near Centre Hall consult Chas. D. Bartholomew, before acting.

I have several fine offerings now on my list.

Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre County, Pa,

In the Matter of the Estate of James H. Duck, late of Gregg township, deceased.

The undersigned, auditor appointed by the said Court to pass upon the exceptions filed to the account filed by William G. Runkle, Accountant, and make report of his findings, re-state the account if necessary, and make distribution of the funds of the estate to and amongst those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Friday April 9, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at his office in Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa., when and where all parties interested are required to make and prove their claims or be for ever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

HARRY KELLER, Auditor,
March 11, 1915. 11 o.13

EASTER EXCURSION
TO
Atlantic City
Cape May, Wildwood
Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Anglesea
Avalon, Stone Harbor
Saturday, April 3, 1915
$7.60 from CENTRE HALL
25 cents additional to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge Route.
Tickets will be accepted on regular trains, and will be good returning within sixteen days.
Stop-over allowed at Philadelphia
Full particulars of Ticket Agents or David Todd, Division Passenger Agent Williamsport, Pa.
PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

SPECIALS--at Emery's Store
Hot House Fancy Lettuce - 18c lb.
Oranges - - - 25c to 35c doz.
Cabbage - - - - - 2c lb.
Fancy Celery - - 8c to 10c Bunch
Onion Sets - - - 8c lb. (or qt.)
Home Cured Country Hams for sale.
"Salvat" for your Stock, 75c for 10 lbs., $1.25 for 20 lbs., $5.00 for 100 lbs.
BARGAINS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
LETTUCE, CELERY AND OYSTERS
FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK
GIVE US A CALL
C. F. EMERY, Centre Hall

A NEW LINE OF
Percales, Ginghams
and
White Goods
just received. Pretty pattern in colored goods. You should see these goods before thinking of doing your spring sewing.
KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL, PA.

LADIES'
"FITZ-EZY" SHOES
will cure corns!
SOLD ONLY AT
YEAGER'S SHOE STORE
BELLEFONTE

ATTEMPT TO WRECK LOCAL TRAIN.

Lag Screw Held Iron Sufficient to Derail East Bound Train Near Coburn.

An attempt was made to derail and wreck the east-bound train on the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad at a point near Coburn, on Monday morning. The obstructions were sufficient to accomplish the ends of the devil-possessed man had not one of the Coburn section men made the discovery in ample time to remove it. The obstruction consisted of a lag screw driven into a tie at a rail joint. To the lag screw were fastened several pieces of iron to insure the accomplishment of the purpose of the fiend. The point where the obstruction was fastened was two and one-half miles west of Coburn where one could work unobserved.

No one can assign any reason for wrecking the train unless it was the work of an individual who had a grudge on one of the crew, or perhaps to witness a spectacle not otherwise to be seen in a community where railroad wrecks are practically unknown.

The railroad people refused to give out any information about the affair, but on Monday several of their detectives were on the scene, and on Tuesday Rankin Weaver was placed under arrest, and the following day he was landed in Fort Lee, Bellefonte. Weaver is aged about twenty-one years, was born in a prominent Pittsburgh State institution, being a son of Freita Weaver who figured in the Weaver murder in 1890, the scene of action being in the Coburn bailiwick. So far as is known to the public, Weaver denied all knowledge of the placing of the obstruction, which was placed in the vicinity of his home—Greenbrier. He is a young man who bears an altogether unenviable reputation.

Proposed Amendments to School Code.

The State School Directors' Association are asking the Legislature for amendments to the school code, this week. The changes will affect all districts outside of the first-class cities, and includes these points:

School directors to be elected on non partisan ballots.

County superintendents to be chosen by ballot, at a salary to be fixed prior to election.

Teachers holding professional certificates and having at least three years' successful experience, upon application for permanent certificates, to be examined in only such subjects as not certified in their professional certificate.

School boards to be empowered to employ manual training, domestic science and agriculture teachers without certificates.

To remove high schools from State supervision.

To permit the establishment and maintenance of teachers' training schools in school districts of the second class.

To make it optional with township districts containing high schools to pay transportation to their own school; or tuition to other schools in cases of students residing more than three miles from the township high school.

Disiricts in which a reasonable tax levy on a proper valuation will not support sufficient schools to have state aid direct.

School bonds and other evidence of indebtedness to be tax free to the investor.

To amend the code so as to permit boards of directors to issue bonds when, in their judgment, it may be necessary.

Lutheran Pastor Installed.

Rev. D. S. Kurtz was installed as pastor of the Centre Hall Lutheran charge, on Sunday, both the charge to the people and pastor having been delivered by Rev. Houtz, who for many years has been the head of mathematics in Susquehanna University at Selinsgrove. The attendance at both services was quite large, all of the five congregations comprising the charge having good representations there. The ceremonies consisted of those regularly provided for, including two anthems by the choir.

The Western Colt Sale.

The sale of western colts held on Thursday of last week by S. W. Smith was largely attended, and all of the animals—eight in number—offered by him were sold, the total footing up $1587. In the lot were a pair of two-year-old mares purchased by M. A. Sankey of Potters Mills for $440. In the lot was also a yearling, the others being three years old.

James S. Stahl, at the same sale, sold a yearling colt, and Drover William J. Mitterling disposed of ten cows and a Holstein bull.

Notice to Supervisors.

The annual meeting of the Centre county road supervisors will be held in the court house, at Bellefonte, on Thursday, April the 8th., at 10 o'clock a. m. Several representatives from the Highway Department will be present to talk on good roads construction, and answer any questions that may be asked concerning the same. A lantern slide exhibition of all kinds of roads—good, bad, and indifferent—will be given free. We hope that every supervisor in the county will be present, as well as all others interested in good roads.

H. F. CHANEY, Secretary.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Samuel Harter died at her home, a short distance from the Cross Lutheran church, in Georges Valley, Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Her death was attributed to heart trouble, with which she was more or less afflicted since Christmas. She was born on the farm where she died eighty-one years ago. Funeral services will be held this (Thursday) morning at her late home and interment in the Georges Valley cemetery, Rev. J. M. Rearick of Williamsburg, officiating.

Mrs. Harter was a woman of kind and loving nature and early in life became a member of the Lutheran church. She leaves her husband and two children, namely, Mrs. Anna Finkle, Spring Mills, and Ezra Harter, Georges Valley. Three children preceded her to the grave.

Mrs. William Smith died Saturday evening at her home in Fiedler after a long illness with nervous disease. She first became afflicted with the ailment ten years ago and a short time thereafter it became necessary for her and her husband to leave the farm. For the past several months she was bedfast. Her age was forty-eight years. Funeral services were held Wednesday morning in the Reformed church at Aaronsburg and burial made there, Rev. W. D. Donat officiating. Surviving her are her husband, her father, Benjamin Haffley of Aaronsburg, one brother—Henry Haffley of Renovo—and three half sisters and one half brother. No children were born to their union.

Mrs. Margaret Ishler died at the Bellefonte hospital Saturday evening following an operation for gall stones. Her age was close to seventy years. Mrs. Ishler had spent the winter months with her two sons in Philadelphia and Baltimore and only a short time ago returned to Bellefonte. She was the widow of the late William A. Ishler, ex-Sheriff of Centre county, whose death occurred last summer. Funeral services were held Wednesday morning in the Lutheran church and burial at Bellefonte, Rev. W. M. B. Glanding officiating. She leaves two sons and one daughter, namely, Orrin of Baltimore, Md.; Willis of Philadelphia, and Mrs. D. Paul Fortney of Bellefonte.

Mrs. Susan J. Wistar, nee Heverly, widow of George H. Wistar, and a lifelong resident of Howard, passed away Saturday at the age of sixty-eight years.

Three daughters survive, namely, Mrs. Bernard E. Spangler, Chicago; Sallie, at home, and Mrs. Rollin S. Kerr, of Omaha, Nebraska. All were present at their mother's bedside at the time of her death.

The funeral was held at Howard, services being conducted by Rev. Frick, and burial made in Shenck's cemetery.

Spring Mills.

Rev. John Price of the Evangelical church has been appointed to be the pastor of this charge for another year.

Mr. Musser of North Platte, Nebraska, visited at the home of Andrew Shook.

Calvin Kennelly went to Shamokin as a delegate to the M. E. conference.

Rev. Kurtz is holding special services in the Lutheran church this week.

Mary, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Tibben Zubler, has been quite sick the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kennelly have moved from Burnham into the house with Mrs. Kennelly's mother, Mrs. Alice Leitzell.

Mrs. Ada Miller of Tyrone was a visitor between trains on Saturday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Jamison.

Three of our oldest citizens—James Kennelly, J. D. Long, and David McCool, are still confined to their homes with sickness.

W. S. Mallalieu of Bellefonte was in town on Tuesday, on business relating to the Bell telephone company.

Mrs. Samuel Harter of Georges Valley, who died on Monday, was well known and highly respected by a large circle of friends.

The I. O. O. F. hall was papered and painted last week, and on Friday evening the members of the order held an interesting meeting. Visitors from Centre Hall, State College, Millheim and other places were present. Refreshments were served and every-one present enjoyed the occasion.

Georges Valley.

Harvey Vonsda left last Thursday for Hublersburg where he will spend a few weeks with friends.

Ellis Hennigh went to Bellefonte on Monday where he will be employed this summer.

Mr. and Mrs E. L Lingle and son Miles spent Sunday at Spring Mills with Mrs. Gramoble.

C. W. Lingle and Albert Lingle made a business trip to Centre Hall on Monday.

Mrs. H. A. Haugh spent one day last week with Mrs. J. C. Reeder.

Mrs. J. K. Confer spent Monday afternoon with her daughter, Mrs. William Stoner.

Linden Hall

Miss Maud Miller spent part of last week with her sister, returning home Friday.

Mrs. John Felding has been in a serious condition for some time with an ulcerated ankle.

Miss Anna Ross returned from a month's visit with her cousins, Dr. and Mrs Smith, in Altoona.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Ross were over-Sunday visitors at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Ross.

Mrs. John Weibly of Bellefonte and Mrs. John Diehl of Milmont were visitors here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Zeigler of Altoona spent a few days last week with relatives here, and were entertained on Sunday at the home of Prof. Neff

Elmira Osman, the little granddaughter of James Osman, who has been quite sick with scarlet fever, is improving nicely.

James M. Ross and family moved on Wednesday to their new home in Boalsburg, and William Houser will move on Thursday to the Ross farm which belongs to his father, John Houser.

J. M. Wieland and family spent a few days last week with his brother here and left from here on Friday morning for Lebanon county, where he purchased a farm last fall. Miss Ruth Wieland stayed until Monday morning when she left to join the family in their new home.

Aaronsburg.

Walter Orwig and his son Harold are spending a few days in Hartleton with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Orwig.

Quite a few from our burg are attending the Evangelistic meeting every night at Wolfs Chapel.

On Wednesday morning, at 10:30 the funeral of Mrs. Katie Haffley Smith, wife of William Smith, was solemnized in St. Peter's Reformed church. Rev. W. D. Donat, her pastor, officiated and she was laid away beside her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Detwiler and their active little boy, from Centre Hall, spent a day very pleasantly with Mr. and Mrs. Warren Winklebleck.

Mr. and Mrs. David Vonada from Centre Oak spent the Sabbath with their children, Boyd and Ruth, but of course, that baby, Harry E, is the attraction.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Stover from Wolfs Store, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Weaver.

W. B. McCormick from Potters Mills took dinner on Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. E G. Mingle.

On Sunday, Mrs. John Hosterman, the editor's wife, and her two daughters, from Millheim, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Haines.

Potters Mills

Mrs. Samuel Bitner has been housed up with asthma for several days.

Clyde Bible, a student at Penn State, spent Sunday at the home of W. W. McCormick and called on his many friends.

Mrs. Harry Wilkinson of Spring Mills is spending a few weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Wilkinson.

Miss Kathryn Carson spent last week at the home of M. N. Miller at Spring Mills.

Miss Nellie Bible is closing out the term of school at Egg Hill which was taught by Bruce Ripka of Centre Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Henshall of State College spent Sunday at the home of the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wilkinson.

Mrs. Clark Stoner went to Madisonburg to spend some time with her friends.

Ira Grossman entertained his brother from Bellefonte, over Sunday.

M. A. Burkholder made a trip to Mifflin county this week with a load of potatoes.

Mrs. Henry Swab, who makes her home with Mr. and Mrs. George Sharer, near Zion, visited friends in Centre Hall Sunday.

Don't Miss This.

If a woman has one daughter, who goes away, the Mrs. misses the Miss and the Miss misses the Mrs. If it is two daughters and both are away the Mrs. misses the Misses and Misses miss the Mrs. If she has three daughters and two are at one place and one at another, the Mrs. misses the Misses and the Miss misses the Mrs. and the Miss misses the Mrs. and the Misses. If she has four daughters and two are at one place while the other two are away from home, and separate, the Mrs. misses the Miss and the Misses and the Miss, the Miss and the Misses miss the Mrs. and the Miss misses the Miss and the Misses and the Mrs.—Ladies' Home Journal.

SEED OATS AND SEED CORN

SEED OATS: Ratekin's New Alberta, Canada Grown. Biggest, Heaviest, Yielding Oats Known or Grown. Adapted to any State in the Union. We have handled and sent out thousands of bushels of these Oats everywhere during the last five years. They yield on good land 100, 125 to 150 bushels per acre. We also handle all other leading best varieties.

SEED CORN: Diamond Joe's Big Early White Seed Corn. Largest Eared, Earliest to Mature, Thoroughbred and Heaviest Yielding Field Corn in existence. Every stalk produces one and two good ears. Seed Scientifically Prepared, Thoroughly Dried and Properly Cured. Can be relied upon to grow and give perfect stand. We also grow all the Leading, Best Varieties, White and Yellow, Early, Medium and Late, adapted to your locality.

Our Big Catalogue and Samples **Mailed Free.** Send along names of neighbors who are interested in **Better Farm, Grass and Garden Seeds.** Address

RATEKIN'S SEED HOUSE, Shenandoah, Iowa.

Deaths of Centre Countians.

Ralph S Cadwallader, at Ingram, aged thirty-five years. He was born at Unionville.

Patrick Kelley, in Howard township, aged seventy-one.

Brings results—a Reporter ad.

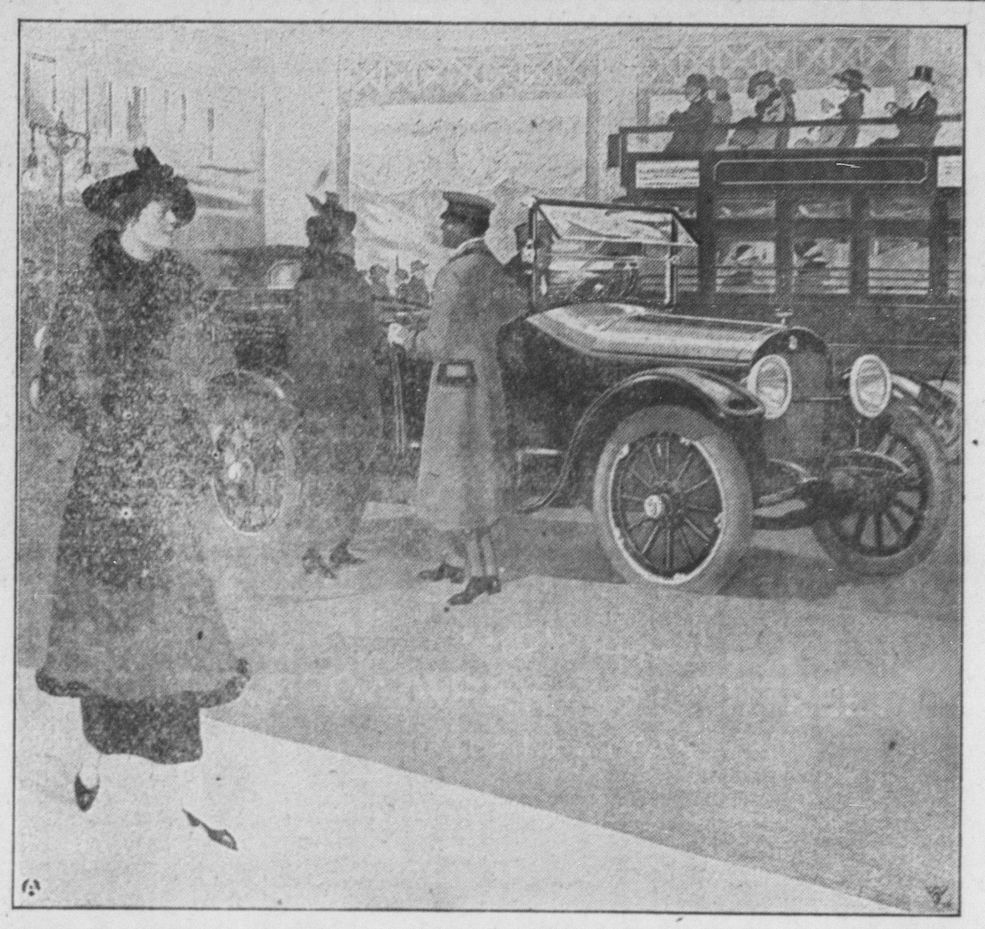
Sale Register.

SATURDAY, APRIL 10TH—at ten o'clock a. m., Mrs D. F. Luse will sell at her residence in Centre Hall: Lot of household goods; also iron turning lathe, power drilling machine, punching machine, power and hand pipe machine, gasoline engine, 2 1-2 horse power, big variety of bolts, tools and wrenches. Many things that come useful on the farm will be sold at this time. Also five quarter-acre lots, four of which are in fine-growing alfalfa. L. F. Mayes, auct.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting, Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr,pd

Brings results—a Reorter ad.



EIGHT CYLINDER KING

L. L. SMITH, Dealer :: Centre Hall, Pa.

I shall be pleased to demonstrate the King car to you at any time.

WE WERE NEVER BETTER EQUIPPED TO MEET ALL THE REQUIREMENTS for the comfortable and complete outfitting of every portion of your home. The varied selection, splendid character, and moderate prices of these goods entitles them to more than ordinary consideration.

Bedroom Suits--

in Quartered Oak or Plain Oak, in polish finish or dull rubbed finish, and can be had in either 3 or 7 pieces.

Iron Beds--

all grades and prices. Mattresses from best grades down.

The Famous "Sellers" and "Hoosier" Kitchen Cabinets--

Best cabinets on the market. Also lower priced cabinets.

Linoleums--

Inlaid and printed. These are high-grade goods and are sold at most moderate prices.

"White" Line of Wash Machines

Sold with a guarantee of five years. Hand, motor or power machine—just as you wish.

F. V. GOODHART

CENTRE HALL

Open all the time Bell 'phone

"CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

He Should Know.

"How is your lawn coming on this year?" asked Mr. Griddings.

"The same way the onion crop is coming on," answered Mr. Lazonton.

"How is that?"

"Without any assistance from me."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for Infants and children and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

An Apt Student.

A young woman who came to Columbia to take her degree of doctor of philosophy, married her professor in the middle of her second year. When she announced her engagement one of her friends said:

"But, Edith, I thought you came up here to get your Ph. D."

"So I did," replied Edith, "but I had no idea I would get him so soon."

A Philosopher.

"Week before last," said the kind lady to the paralyzed beggar, "you got a dollar from me because you were deaf and dumb. Last week I gave you a quarter because you were blind, before I realized that you were the same man. Now you ask for money because you are paralyzed."

"Yessum," said the beggar. "Them's the facts."

"Don't you think you'd do better if you chose one affliction and stuck to it?" asked the lady.

"No, ma'am," said the beggar. "They's nothin' so fatal to the full development o' all one's nateral powers as narrer specialization."—Judge.

Settling Old Scores.

Our local footer team had taken on a scratch eleven of the veterans of the village. The fifteen-year-old goalkeeper of the former was observed pacing excitedly to and fro between the goalposts.

At last, during an interval in the game, he approached his captain, who was playing center forward.

"I say, Jack, you might come into goal for a bit and let me have your place," he said, eagerly.

"Whatever for?" demanded the surprised center forward.

"Well," confessed the goalie reluctantly, "I want to get a kick or two in at father!"—Dundee (Scotland) Courier.

CHILDREN SHOWED IT

Effect of Their Warm Drink in the Morning.

"A year ago I was a wreck from coffee drinking and was on the point of giving up my position in the school room because of nervousness.

"I was telling a friend about it and she said, 'We drink nothing at meal time but Postum, and it is such a comfort to have something we can enjoy drinking with the children.

"I was astonished that she would allow the children to drink any kind of coffee, but she said Postum was not coffee, but a most healthful drink for children as well as for older ones, and that the condition of both the children and adults showed that to be a fact.

"I was in despair and determined to give Postum a trial, following the directions carefully. It was a decided success and I was completely won by its rich delicious flavor.

"In a short time I noticed a decided improvement in my condition and kept growing better month after month, until now I am healthy, and do my work in the school room with ease and pleasure. I would not return to nerve-destroying coffee for any money."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost per cup about the same.

"...son" For Postum.

...by Grocers

GOVERNOR FAVORS NON-VOTERS' TAX

Bill Aiming to Compel Exercise of Franchise.

MONEY TO SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governor Brumbaugh Insists Wage Bill Stand—To Propose Single Bill For All Appropriations.

Harrisburg.—Compulsory voting, in so far as an obligation of that kind can be made possible, has now become part of the program Governor Brumbaugh hopes to have passed during this session of the State Legislature. His declaration of this subject came following the introduction of a bill by Representative D. J. Snyder, of Westmoreland, in the State House of Representatives, which aims to accomplish this.

The Governor does not intend to have a measure passed which would act as a revenue producer. He says his intention is to have the tax on each elector made two dollars, with full exemption if the elector takes part in both the primary and general election. The proposal to abolish poll tax favored by the Republican organization coming at this time is an interesting feature of the proposition.

The Snyder bill lays a tax of three dollar on all electors, one dollar of which is to be paid in the spring and the remaining portion within six weeks following the general fall election. It further provides that each voter at the primaries and the fall election shall receive a certificate, each of which shall represent one dollar toward the last payment of the tax.

...ccording to the terms of the bill, the money would revert to the school district of the county. This would give Philadelphia County approximately $400,000 each year. In speaking of the situation, the Governor said:

"I am in sympathy with the spirit of Representative Snyder's bill, but I differ with him in regard to the provisions of the measure. My thought is not to enact a revenue producer, but a pure penalty on the great body of citizens who fail to exercise their privilege of voting. My thought was that an Act should be passed by which all qualified citizens would be assessed two dollars. One-half of this should be deducted when their names are certified by the primary officers and the other half when they had been certified by election officials as having participated in these functions of the electorate.

"I am unquestionably in favor of legislation along these lines to reach the stay-at-home voters and to force them to perform their duties as citizens. I would like to see them taxed for their neglect. There are plenty of them in the suburban wards of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, and in fact throughout the entire State. They apparently show little personal interest in public affairs, but usually are the most loud and insistent in their demands, clamor and criticisms.

"Politics in our States and cities would be quite different if all of our citizens voted. Today we have the condition of a minority of our voters determining the fundamental laws of our Government. There has not been a constitutional amendment adopted in this State in eight years by a majority of the people. The minority apparently controls our affairs. And this is a condition that is a direct menace to democracy."

Governor Insists Wage Bill Stand.

Provisions eliminating the common law defenses in the employer's liability cases, incorporated in the Administration's workmen's compensation bill, and which Senator Crow requested Attorney General Brown to remove, will stand as first outlined.

The refusal of the Administration to free the employer from liability in cases where the accident is caused by the negligence of another employe or when the employe enters the employ of the plant knowing that the position in which he serves is dangerous, marks the first disagreement between the Governor and the leaders on fundamental issues.

The common law defenses as these provisions now effective are known, would be eliminated by the Governor's bill, and whether the employe or employer agrees to abide by the provisions of the bill, which are only elective, the employer will be liable for compensation.

In another provision the Senator requested that compensation for permanent injury be decreased from 500 to 400 weeks. The Governor conceded this demand by decreasing the maximum payment from ten to eight dollars a week and from $5,000 to $4,000. It has been found that out of 21,000 cases in one State only seven were total disability.

To Ask Governor to Local Banquet.

Senator Daix, Philadelphia, former president of the United Business Men's Association of Philadelphia, has been appointed chairman of a special committee of the association to invite Governor Brumbaugh to attend the seventh annual banquet of the organization in Philadelphia.

GEORGE STALLINGS FEARFUL OF NUMBER 13

Manager George Stallings of Boston Braves.

George T. Stallings, Boston's miracle man and leader of the Braves, is one of the few major league managers who take nothing for granted. In the general opinion the acquisition of Sherwood Magee by the world's champions spells repeated success in 1915. The big chief might reasonably share the popular belief were it not for his ingrown superstition.

"I think," says Stallings, "that I have the best club in the league and that it should win again with an even break of luck. Magee is bound to bolster the outfield, which showed the only weakness last year, and I have a number of very promising young pitchers to share the honors with my big three—Rudolph, James and Tyler. But, do you know, I have won just an even dozen pennants, and I naturally regard with some apprehension the approaching obstacle to a thirteenth victory.

"My chances, of course, at present appear more glowing than a year ago, for the aggregation has been molded into a competent fighting unit.

"I do not believe such a heart-breaking finish will be necessary this year. Yet McGraw, a real wizard, cannot be counted out until the flag falls. Hans Lobert will help his club greatly, and if his pitching is as good as it should be the Giants will be mighty hard to stop. I expect New York, as usual, to furnish the liveliest opposition."

WHITNEY RETURNS TO POLO

Former Captain of "Big Four" Decides to Again Take Up Game—Has Many Fine Ponies.

Admirers of polo will be glad to learn that Harry Payne Whitney, probably the greatest polo captain that ever guided a team to victory on the field, will take more personal interest in polo this year than he did last. In 1913 he was unable to play because he had injured a shoulder while hunting. He is now recovered and will take part in several games this season.

Mr. Whitney's return to the saddle does not necessarily mean that he will again be a member of the American team which will go to England after the cup. Even though he had not met with the accident early last year, he would not have played on the Big Four

Harry Payne Whitney.

team. Previous to the mishap he had declared that he would not be one of the members of the team that would defend the cup.

The reason he advanced was that the training necessary to perfect his physical condition for the international polo series was too severe, and he did not care to undergo the ordeal. But with Mr. Whitney in the saddle again this year, he may round into form gradually and thus lead up to the possibility of his being one of the American four who may challenge for the cup in 1916. The date of the challenge will depend on the continuation of the war.

Mr. Whitney now has 26 polo ponies in his training quarters. This is the biggest individually owned string in the country. Mr. Whitney is keeping these fine mounts so that he will have plenty of material to call upon when he starts to play next summer.

Replete With Golf Courses.

It is estimated there are 4,800 American golf courses.

GOSSIP AMONG SPORTS

It is said golf adds 50 per cent to a ball player's efficiency.

* * *

Mike Gonzales, the Reds' Cuban catcher, won the pennant this winter in the Cuban league.

* * *

Manager Huggins, who has been so busy getting the Cardinals in line, hasn't signed a contract himself.

* * *

The bill to repeal the Frawley law and abolish the New York state boxing commission has been introduced at Albany.

* * *

Iowa is the latest state to boom boxing, and it is expected the lawmakers will dope out a scheme for a commission.

* * *

A Chattanooga man wants to pray the St. Louis Browns into the pennant. If he can do that, converting the world will be easy.

* * *

Capablanca played 64 games of chess at once; When he gets so he can play 170 at once the game may get exciting enough to get applause.

* * *

Joe Birmingham announces that his Naps are an exclusive ball team. They will either finish first or last, according to Joe, and no happy mediums are looked for.

* * *

Branch Rickey declares that he would not trade Bert Shotton for half of the White Sox team, to which Clarence Rowland replies that no one invited him to.

* * *

Vivian I. Woodward, perhaps the most noted amateur soccer player in England, has taken a commission in the footballers' battalion, now being recruited for Kitchener's army.

* * *

For the first time in a score of years no one has had the nerve to pick the Pirates as pennant winners. Which indicates that the Pirates have the best chance in years of winning.

* * *

John G. Anderson is out with a boost for the organization of a golf professionals' association. The main object seems to be to eliminate the unskilled pro who works for a small salary.

* * *

Harvard and Yale will not abandon the four-mile route for their annual race, according to announcement by Camp, and it is very probable that both colleges will oppose the reduction of the intercollegiate to three miles

RIGLER'S PRIDE HURT

Umpire in Big Demand as Speaker at Baseball Banquets.

Fans Cheered Wildly for Theodore Roosevelt as New Umpire Strutted Across Field—Was Fearful of Having Eyes Tested.

Charley Rigler, National league umpire, who lives in Cleveland, is chock full of good baseball stories and is in great demand as a speaker at baseball banquets. Charley knows how to tell a story, too. Here are two samples:

"The first year I broke into the National league I was assigned to umpire a game between the Army and Navy teams. The two major leagues alternated each year in supplying an umpire for this game.

"I was quite proud of my assignment, and a few minutes before game time I walked out of the dressing room to the home plate. I had to walk the full length of the field and, to my great surprise and pleasure, every step I took was marked by the loudest cheering I ever heard. My chest swelled to twice its normal size until I found Teddy Roosevelt had entered the field just as I had emerged from the dressing-room, and that all the cheering was for him.

"About five years ago the National league decreed that all its umpires must have their eyes tested. Like most of the umps, I worried a bit about this because I didn't know what kind of a test it would be.

"I borrowed one of the charts used by opticians, and learned every line of letters on it so that I could recite each, letter for letter, either backward or forward.

"One day I was passing through the Colonial arcade in Cleveland with Umpire Billy Evans. I called his attention to a chart in an optician's window as we passed. When we had walked on about ninety feet, I asked Bill if he could read the letters on the chart. Bill said he couldn't—that he could hardly see the chart.

Umpire Rigler.

"When I told him I could, he offered to buy the dinner that evening if I made good. I recited my little piece perfectly, and when Bill examined the chart and found I was correct, he felt pretty shaky about his eyesight. But his spirits rose again when I took him to the optician's place, turned my back to the chart and spoke my little piece again."

GOLF IS GAINING CONVERTS

Sport Now Reaches Into All Types and Ages of Men for Its Followers—John McGraw Is Latest.

Without a doubt the game of golf is gaining converts, perhaps more rapidly than any other sport. Once looked upon as distinctly the sport of the men of some age and avoirdupois, it reaches now into all ages and types of men for its followers

Wide press agenting, one golf expert declares, is responsible for the advance in golfing. Word that sturdy athletes like Christy Mathewson and other great ballplayers had turned to chasing the little white ball across the green brought many followers to the game. They even report that John J. McGraw of the Giants is about to take up the pastime of John D. Rockefeller and other notables.

The report, however, seems to be based on nothing more tangible than the fact that "Jawn" was presented with a fine assortment of golf sticks.

The army of fanatics who play the game in this country was increased last year by more than 50,000, according to representatives of golf supply houses.

Harvard Bars the Tango.

There will be no modern dancing for Harvard's track athletes if Coaches Donovan and Powers know of it. The Crimson coaches have no place on their teams for tango dancers, although both admit that the dances are all right in their place. Athletes, however, get enough exercise as it is in training. They hold the chances for sprains in dancing are many, and overindulgence in exercise might bring on a breakdown, the coaches aver.

Grotes Signs With Portsmouth.

The Portsmouth club of the Virginia league, has signed infielder Charles Grotes of the navy yard team.

KIDNEYS CLOG UP FROM EATING TOO MUCH MEAT

Take Tablespoonful of Salts If Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

We are a nation of meat-eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.—Adv

The Way It Goes.

"Judging from the way that man talks, he must be fairly hard up. Do you suppose he's hungry?"

"Oh, no. He's been keeping six motor cars and has had to dispose of one. The man who's consoling him gets a salary of $2,000 a year."

DO NOT HESITATE

To Use Cuticura on Skin-Tortured Babies. Trial Free.

A hot bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment at once relieve, permit rest and sleep and point to speedy healment of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of infants and children even in severe cases.

Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. XY, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Gone Too Long.

"Did you ever chase a rainbow, Tommie?" asked the teacher.

"Oh, yes, ma'am," replied the boy.

"And did you catch it?"

"Sure. I caught it from mother when I got home."

Coughs and Colds cannot hold out against Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops. A single dose gives relief—5c at all Druggists.

The first Brazilian vessel to enter the port of Boston was recently seen there.

Rheumatism

Just put a few drops of Sloan's on the painful spot and the pain stops. It is really wonderful how quickly Sloan's acts. No need to rub it in—laid on lightly it penetrates to the bone and brings relief at once. Kills rheumatic pain instantly.

Mr. James E. Alexander, of North Harpswell, Me., writes: "Many strains in my back and hips brought on rheumatism in the sciatic nerve. I had it so bad one night when sitting in my chair, that I had to jump on my feet to get relief. I at once applied your Liniment to the affected part and in less then ten minutes it was perfectly easy. I think it is the best of all Liniments I have ever used."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Kills Pain

At all dealers, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc.

Dept. B. Philadelphia, Pa.

ADVICE TO THE AGED

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and torpid liver.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, gives natural action, and imparts vigor to the whole sytsem.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

Roofing that must last

You can't tell by looking at a roll of roofing how long it will last on the roof, but when you get the guarantee of a responsible company, you know that your roofing *must* give satisfactory service.

Buy materials that last

Certain-teed

Roofing

—Our leading product—is guaranteed 5 years for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply and 15 years for 3-ply. We also make lower priced roofing, slate surfaced shingles, building papers, wall boards, out-door paints, plastic cement, etc.

Ask your dealer for products made by us. They are reasonable in price and we stand behind them.

General Roofing Manufacturing Co.

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers

New York City, Boston, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Atlanta, Cleveland, Detroit, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Seattle, London, Hamburg, Sydney

Ill Timed Gesture.

Percival—You should have heard the audience laugh at Professor Ravenyelp.

Penelope—I didn't think he was supposed to be funny.

Percival—He wasn't; but just as he started to recite "The Frost Is on the Pumpkin," he reached up and scratched his gray head.—Youngstown Telegram.

REMARKABLE LETTER FROM A WELL KNOWN WASHINGTON DRUGGIST.

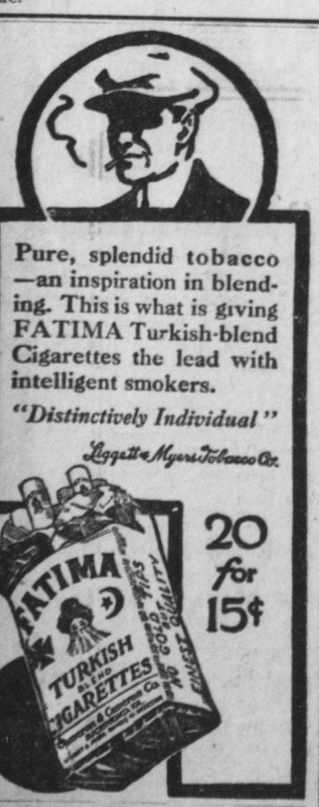
In reference to **Elixir Babek** the *great remedy for chills and fever* and all *malarial diseases*. "Within the last five months I have sold 3,800 bottles of **Elixir Babek**, for Malaria, Chills and Fever. Our customers speak very well of it. Henry Evans, 922 F St., N.W., Washington, D.C."

Elixir Babek 50 cents all druggists, or by Parcels Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

Cause and Result.

"Our dairyman's cows look very dejected."

"Maybe that is why our milk is so blue."



Pure, splendid tobacco—an inspiration in blending. This is what is giving FATIMA Turkish-blend Cigarettes the lead with intelligent smokers.

"Distinctively Individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢

Rheumacide

The Reliable Remedy for lumbago, gout and **RHEUMATISM**

GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE

For sale by all druggists

KEYSTONE STATE IN SHORT ORDER

Latest News Happenings Gathered From Here and There.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Takes First Trolley Ride at 70—Miner Killed Going Home to Celebrate Birthday—To Vote in Reading on P. O. Site.

Circular letters were sent to the 700 members of the Reading Chamber of Commerce for the purpose of taking a referendum vote on whether they are in favor of going ahead at once with the erection of a $100,000 one-story annex to the Reading postoffice, as proposed by the department at Washington, or whether they would prefer to wait a few years longer, when it is hoped that sufficient appropriation can be secured to erect an entirely new building. It is likely that the latter proposition will carry, as there is strong sentiment against the annex, the contract for which is about ready to be awarded.

A veritable embankment of quarters, dimes and nickels, aggregating nearly $500 surrounding his plate at the dinner table was the novel birthday surprise gift received by William B. Swisher, a local groceryman, from his wife, upon the observance of his sixty-ninth birthday. For over two years Mrs. Swisher has been collecting coins of the denominations included in the present. In the lot were $76 in quarters, $18.60 in nickels and $350 in dimes.

Four houses occupied by John Jelnika and three more Polish families, were burned to the ground in fifteen minutes during a gale at Burnside, all the inmates escaping in their night clothes, the Jelnika family comprising six persons, was rescued from the second story. The total loss was $6,000, the property belonging to the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company.

At a meeting of the Senior Class of the Girls' High School, Reading, Miss Edith Brunner, winner of the alumni medal, was elected president. The other officers chosen are: Vice-president, Miss Margaret Rotz; secretary, Miss Mary E. Potts; treasurer, Miss Dorothy School; class essayist, Miss Catherine Nau. The class selected the daisy as its flower.

John Wilson, engineer of the Kutztown & Allentown branch of the Reading Railway Company, received notice that he will be retired and placed on the pension roll on April 1. He will then have reached the age limit of seventy years after having been in the employ of the company since August 12, 1870.

In the distribution of the $2,500 estate of the late Elizabeth E. Hill, of Exeter Township, Berks County, in Orphans' Court, the son, Allen Hill, was cut off with $1, no reason being assigned in the will for his being disinherited.

Daniel Desh, seventy years old, a farmer, residing a mile and a half south of Macungie, enjoyed his first ride on a trolley car Thursday when he went to Allentown on business. Incidentally, it was his first visit to that city in twenty-seven years.

Furnace No. 1 of the Thomas Iron Company, Hokendauqua, was put in blast, giving employment to 130 hands, after an idleness of several months. The furnace has a capacity of 225 tons a day.

George McCullough, of Pottsville, was instantly killed at Buck Run colliery by a fall of coal. It was McCullough's twenty-first birthday, and he was preparing to leave the mine when a two-ton boulder fell upon him.

Emanuel Reber, fourteen-year-old son of Emanuel Reber, of Tilden Township, was granted a license to marry Miss Edna F. Moyer, eighteen-year-old daughter of Harry A. Moyer, of the same place.

Miss Emil Gehris, Reading, left for Indianapolis, Ind., where she will be married to Clyde Halloway, son of J. Calvin Halloway, of Reading. The couple will reside in Indianapolis.

E. A. Weaber, an Allentown insurance agent, was arrested on a charge of false pretense, made by P. Ritter, who alleged he was cheated out of $15 through the transfer of a policy.

At a meeting of the Reading City Council, Jonathan Mould, prominent retired merchant, was re-elected a member of the new City Planning Commission for a term of five years, his first one-year term having expired.

Mrs. Lucas Anna Fehr, widow of David Fehr, of Tamaqua, died at the Phoebe Deaconess' Home, Allentown, aged ninety.

Mrs. Laura E. Peters, nee Maxwell, of Allentown, a bride of less than a year, who was a school teacher at Slatington for fourteen years, died at the age of thirty-one.

SAVED BY THEIR DEAD

INCIDENT IN THE SERVICE OF FRENCH FOREIGN LEGION.

Soldier Tells How Company of Twelve Men Held a Blockhouse Against the Enemy, and of the Ruse They Employed.

In "Life in the Legion," a soldier's story of his five years' service in the French Foreign Legion by Frederick Martyn (Charles Scribner's Sons), a soldier tells the writer how the theft of a general's clothing caused him to win a medal. He had been on guard and as punishment for his negligence was sent to a small outpost on the desert, a blockhouse guarded by twelve men.

It wasn't long before the Oulad-Seghir Arabs made us busy as we wanted to be.

We had a goodly supply of wine Christmas day. I got four or five liters myself, and when I went to sleep I wanted to sleep a long time. But I didn't get a chance, because in the middle of the night the sergeant, who was a poor man at drink, came and shook us until we were roused up. We had no sooner opened our eyes than we heard the bugler on the roof cracking his lungs with the "rouse," the "alarm" and the "regimental call."

We bounded up to the roof with our rifles in our hands, but no trousers on our legs, and lined up at the "ready."

"Good," said the sergeant, "I was afraid that you were all too drunk. I came up here to smoke a pipe and found the sentry had gone to bed with the rest of you. It would have been a bad job for us if I hadn't wanted that pipe. Look there!" and he pointed to the borders of the oasis where we saw moving figures and plenty of them. "I had the alarm sounded just to remind those monkeys that they can't catch the Legion asleep, and the regimental call was blown on the off chance that it would be heard in Ras-el-Chel, telling the company that there is business going on here."

It was nearly seven o'clock before they came. It was good that they didn't start earlier, for there were several hundreds of them with modern rifles. They climbed up into the palm trees and shot down at us, but that gave us a better chance at them for we couldn't miss birds of that size. Every shot we fired brought one down.

"Our bugler was the first to lose his number. He was shot through the head, and he stood in the angle of the parapet and remained standing as if he were effective.

That gave us an idea, and as each man fell afterwards we propped him up with a bayonet behind and stood him against the parapet. When the sergeant went out we stuck his pipe in his mouth and he looked regular lifelike, only more determined. Soon there was a row of dead men guarding the blockhouse, and they looked so calm and confident that the Oulad-Seghir evidently thought it would be too risky to come to close quarters with us. They gave up the fight in disgust, so when our company came to our rescue at the double there was nothing for them to do.

"Brave fellows, you have saved the post," said our captain, as he embraced the corporal and myself, the only two left standing. But the worthy man was mistaken. It wasn't us that saved the post. It was those others that he didn't embrace.

The company marched past that line of dead defenders and saluted them.

That's how I got this bit of tin, comrades.

Camphor in the Philippines.

The bureau of science of the Philippine government is making a study of the plant known as Blumea balsamifera, known by the natives in the Philippines as "sambon" or "gabuen," which produces camphor. The shrub is one of the most common weeds in the Philippines. It grows from five to eight feet high, with a stem almost woody in texture, and has long been used by the natives of the Philippines as well as by natives of China for medical purposes. The Chinese in parts of Kwangtung and Kwangsi provinces already distill considerable camphor from the plant, the chief drawback to the more extensive use of it being the amount of labor required to secure the gum. The bureau of forestry at Manila is introducing the ordinary camphor tree of China and Japan into the mountain districts of Luzon in large numbers for the purpose of building up future camphor production in the islands.

Mr. Museum's Office.

A senate page was whiling away the time in the statehouse corridors when he was approached by a sightseer who asked where the museum was. The accommodating page said he didn't know, but he would find out, and he led the sightseer in to a nearby office.

"Where's Mr. Museum's office?" the page asked.

The attache of the office finally got the matter straightened out and the sightseer was put on the right track.—Indianapolis News.

Pop's Understanding of It.

"Say, pop," remarked little Heiny Henpeck on his return from Sunday school, "our teacher says there is no marrying or giving in marriage in heaven."

"I guess your teacher has the dope right," replied old man Henpeck with a deep sigh. "As I understand it, all is peace and quiet there."

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red, $1.49⅝, and No. 2 hard, $1.51⅛, all rail c. i. f. track; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.45⅝, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.54 c. i. f. Buffalo. Futures weak. May, $1.48⅛.

Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 yellow, 81¾c, c. i. f. to arrive.

Oats—Spot easy; standard, 62c; No. 3 white, 61½; fancy clipped white, 63½@64½.

Butter—Creamery, extra (92 score), 31c; creamery (higher scoring), 31½@32; firsts, 27@30; seconds, 24½@26½.

Eggs—Fresh-gathered, extras, 21½@22; extra firsts, 20½; firsts, 19½@20; seconds, 19; nearby hennery whites, 23@24; do, hennery browns, 22.

Cheese—State, whole milk, held, specials, 17@17¼c; do, average fancy, 16¼@16¾.

Live Poultry—Western chickens, 15½c; fowls, 18; turkeys, 15@17. Dressed quiet; prices unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Carlots, in export elevator, No. 2 red, spot and March, $1.40@1.45; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.50@1.55; No. 2 red Western, $1.45@1.49.

Corn—Carlots for local trade, as to location. No. 2 yellow, 77@78c; steamer yellow, 76½@77½; No. 3 yellow, 75@76; No. 4 yellow, 74@75; sample yellow, 69@73; new, cob, per seventy pounds, 75@77; for carlots in export elevator, No. 2 spot and March, 75½@77½; steamer, 74@75½; No. 3, 73@74.

Oats—No. 2 white, 61@62c; standard white, 60@61; No. 3 white, 59@60.

Butter—Western, solid-packed creamery, fancy special, 34c; extra, 32; extra firsts, 30@31; firsts, 27@29; seconds, 24@26; nearby prints, fancy, 35; average extra, 34; firsts, 30@32; seconds, 26@28; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 40@42.

Eggs—Nearby extra, 22c per dozen; firsts, $6.15 per standard case; nearby, current receipts, $6 per case; Western, extra firsts, $6.15 per case; do do, firsts, $6 per case; Southern, $5.70@6 per case; fancy, selected, candled and fresh eggs, jobbing at 24@26c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 15½@16½c; old roosters, 11@11½; chickens, softmeated, 16@17; do do, staggy, 14@15; ducks, 15@16; geese, 12@16; guineas, as to quality, per pair, 50@70; turkeys, 15@17; pigeons, old per pair, 22@25; do do, young, per pair, 20@22.

Cheese—New York, full cream, Fall make, choice, 17@17¼c; do do, fair to good, 16¼@16¾; do do, current make, 15½@16; do do, part skims, 8@13.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and March, 141⅝c; April, 142¾; No. 2 red Western spot and March, 144¾.

Corn—Spot and March, 75½c; April, 76⅝.

Oats—Standard white, 60¼@60½c; No. 3 white, 59½@60.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, $1.20; No. 3, do, $1.18; No. 4, do, $1.17; bag lots of nearby rye, as to quality, $95c@$1.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $18.50@19; No. 3, do, $17.50@18; No. 3, do, $15.50@17; light clover mixed, $17.50@18; No. 1, do, $17@17.50; No. 2, do, $15@16.50; choice clover, $18@18.50; No. 1, do, $17.50@18; No. 2, do, $15@16.50; No. 3, do, $11.50@14.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $11; No. 2, do, $10@10.50; No. 1 tangled, do, $10; No. 2, do, $8.50@9; No. 1 wheat, $8@8.50; No. 2, do, $7@7.50; No. 1 oat, $9.50@10; No. 2, do, $8@8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, per pound, 32c; choice, 30@31; good, 28@29; prints, 31@33; do, blocks, 30@33; ladles, 21@22; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 19@20; Ohio rolls, 19@20; West Virginia rolls, 18@19; store-packed, 18@19; dairy prints, 18@19; process butter, 25@27.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19c; Western firsts, 19; West Virginia firsts, 18@19; Southern firsts, 18; duck eggs, 32.

Live Poultry—Choice hen turkeys and young gobblers still in fair demand. Geese quiet. We quote, per pound: Chickens, old hens, 4 lbs. and over, 16c; do, old hens, small to medium, 15@16; do, old roosters, 10; do, young, smooth and fat, 17@18; do, young rough, poor and staggy, 13@14; do, winter, 2 lbs. and under, 19@20. Ducks, muscovy, 3 lbs. and over, 16c; do, Pekings, 3 lbs. and over, 17; do, puddle, 3 lbs. and over, 16@17; do, smaller, 15; do, Indian Runners, 15. Geese, nearby, 14@15c; do, Western and Southern, 12@13; do, Kent Island, 16@17. Pigeons, young, per pair, 25c; do, old, per pair, 25. Guinea fowl, young, 1½ lbs. and over, each, 30c; do, smaller, each, 20; do, old, each, 20. Turkeys hens, per lb., 19@20c; do, young gobblers do, 17@18; do, young, rough, poor and crooked breast, 12; do, old toms, do, 16@17.

Dressed Hogs—Choice lightweights, 9c; do, mediumweights, 8; do, heavyweights, 7. Boars and rough stock, 6c.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk, $6.60@6.70; light, $6.45@6.70; mixed, $6.45@6.75; heavy, $6.20@6.35; rough, $6.20@6.35; pigs, $5.75@6.75.

Cattle—Native steers, $5.75@9.05; Western, $5.10@7.50; cows and heifers, $3.50@7.70; calves, $6.75@10.25.

Sheep—Sheep, $7@7.90; yearlings, $7.75@8.65; lambs, $7.75@9.75.

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Cattle—Choice, $8.65@8.75; prime, $8.40@8.70.

Sheep—Prime wethers, $7.50@7.75; culls and common, $4@5; lambs, $7@9.85; veal calves, $11.50@12.

Fashionable Goods Not Wanted.

That Latin Americans insist on having just the kind of article that suits their taste is illustrated by an incident in Guatemala. An old gentleman in the interior, a large ranch owner, had always been used to a certain kind of necktie, and asked a local house to buy a number of them for him. The house ordered several from an American concern, but the latter wrote back that that kind of necktie had been out of date for 20 years, and sent several of the latest design. These were refused, however, the old kind was obtained from Europe, and the American house lost what might have been an opening wedge to a good trade.

MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs"

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Every Little Helps.

Theatrical Manager—Hie there! What are you going to do with that pistol?

Disconsolate Lover—Going to kill myself.

Theatrical Manager—Hold on a minute. If you're bound to do it, won't you be good enough to leave a note saying you did it for love of Miss Starr, our leading lady? It's a dull season, and every little helps.

Free to Our Readers

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for 48-page illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation. Adv.

The Episcopal church of this country received $4,000,000 in gifts last year.

It's Foolish to Suffer

You may be brave enough to stand backache, or headache, or dizziness. But if, in addition, urination is disordered, look out! If you don't try to fix your sick kidneys, you may fall into the clutches of kidney trouble before you know it. But if you live more carefully and help your kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, you can stop the pains you have and avoid future danger as well.

A Virginia Case

J. R. Brownie, 501 Lee St., Berkley, Va., says: "My kidneys gave out and I had to stop work. I steadily got worse and had hemorrhages. My back ached as though it was broken and my condition got so bad that the doctor gave me up. When almost in despair, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they restored me to good health. I owe my life to them."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

CRIPPLED WITH RHEUMATISM CURED BY

YAGER'S LINIMENT

SOME TESTIMONY

"My wife was so crippled with Rheumatism that she could hardly walk. After trying everything else without getting any relief I was persuaded to try Yagers' Liniment. The first bottle acted like a charm and afforded immediate relief and after using 3 bottles she was entirely well, and doing her work with perfect ease and comfort.

"Not long since she had another attack in the shoulder, once more I used Yagers' Liniment with the same result. We are never without a bottle in the house. I recommend it most highly."

THOMAS MOORE, Proffit, Va.

YAGERS' LINIMENT IS THE GREAT PAIN ALLEVIATOR

Only comes in Large 25c, Bottles at all dealers. Prepared by

GILBERT BROS. & CO., Inc. BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED by an old corporation, ambitious young man to call on drug and general stores and appoint agents, $25.00 weekly at start. Experience unnecessary. Nardine Co., Schenectady.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 12–1915.

A Message To Women

Those of Middle Age Especially.

When you have found no remedy for the horrors that oppress you during change of life, when through the long hours of the day it seems as though your back would break, when your head aches constantly, you are nervous, depressed and suffer from those dreadful bearing down pains, don't forget that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the safest and surest remedy, and has carried hundreds of women safely through this critical period.

Read what these three women say:

From Mrs. Hornung, Buffalo, N. Y.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—"I am writing to let you know how much your medicine has done for me. I failed terribly during the last winter and summer and every one remarked about my appearance. I suffered from a female trouble and always had pains in my back, no appetite and at times was very weak.

"I was visiting at a friend's house one day and she thought I needed Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it and have gained eight pounds, have a good appetite and am feeling better every day. Everybody is asking me what I am doing and I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You may publish this letter if you wish and I hope others who have the same complaint will see it and get health from your medicine as I did."—Mrs. A. HORNUNG, 91 Stanton St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Made Me Well and Strong.

MACEDON, N.Y.—"I was all run down and very thin in flesh, nervous, no appetite, could not sleep and was weak, and felt badly all the time. The doctors said I had poor blood and what I had was turning to water. I took different medicines which did not help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and strong, and I am recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. FRED CHACE, R. No. 2, Macedon, N.Y.

The Change of Life.

BELTSVILLE, Md.—"By the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I have successfully passed through a most trying time, the Change of Life. I suffered with a weakness, and had to stay in bed three days at a time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to perfect health, and I am praising it for the benefit of other women who suffer as I did."—Mrs. W. S. DUVALL, Route No. 1, Beltsville, Md.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1915

LOCALS

The Potter township schools close next week.

Mrs. F. L Smith and daughter Louise spent Sunday with relatives at State College.

S. J. Rowe is among a number of citizens who are suffering from tonsilitis.

Miss Ruth Smith, a student at the Bloomsburg Normal school, is home on her Easter vacation.

A cesspool is being dug to the rear of the bank building for the use of the occupants of the building.

Misses Nina and Elsie Slick and Jefferson Slick spent Sunday in Milroy as the guests of their aunt, Mrs. B. Frank Reish.

Leroy Meusch of Aaronsburg, a teacher of instrumental music, was a guest of his aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Murray, on Thursday.

Mrs Charles W. Wolfe of Aaronsburg spent Friday on her farm above Centre Hall, tenanted by her son, Harry Cummings, and on the following day attended a session of Progress Grange.

A. O. Detwiler of near Tusseyville, was a caller at this office Saturday and had his name placed on the Reporter's subscription list. Mr. Detwiler moved onto the farm of the Stoner heirs, recently vacated by George Potter.

Mrs. John H. Knarr took sick Wednesday of last week and Dr. H. H. Longwell at once pronounced the case diphtheria. The Knarr home was immediately quarantined. Mrs Knarr is showing improvement at this writing. Her sister, Miss Maud Meeker, is caring for her.

A jury in the case of Rev. H. A. McKelvey of Bellwood, rendered a verdict of not guilty, in the Blair county courts, Thursday, on a charge of misconduct with a fifteen-year-old girl, a member of his church. The verdict was received with a great deal of satisfaction to the residents of Bellwood.

William Houser set a line of flittings in motion when on Wednesday he moved from the Luse farm, east of Centre Hall, to the Ross farm, at Linden Hall, which he purchased. Mr. Ross built a home for himself in Boalsburg and moved into it. Clement Luse will farm the Luse place, which is one of the Wilson farms and for many years was tenanted by the late John Foreman.

Rev. James M. Runkle, pastor of the Reformed church at Newport, Perry county, tendered his resignation Sunday morning of last week, stating that he had accepted a call to the pastorate of Grace Reformed church at Jeanette. The announcement was received with regret by the people among whom he labored so earnestly for seven years. Rev. Runkle is well known among Reporter readers and is a brother of John H. Runkle, near Centre Hall.

Monday's Lewistown Sentinel contained the following account of an accident to a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Tressler, who live on the Dauberman farm along Sinking Creek: With his leg swollen to three times its normal size Thurman Tressler is today confined to his home at Milroy, being the victim of a runaway horse on Saturday. The accident occurred on Bald Mountain as Tressler and a companion, Edward Worral, were returning from Centre Hall to Milroy via the Seven Mountains. The men had gotten out of the buggy to stretch their legs and Tressler kept the reins in his hands. The horse became frightened and ran away, dragging Tressler, who held on to the lines, with it. The man's weight stopped the horse but in the meantime he had been forced to his knees and his right leg was badly injured. It is not yet known whether the member is broken or only badly bruised.

FRUITTOWN.

Mr. and Mrs. Searson and children of State College spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bubb, of this place.

Mrs. Thomas Boal and two children of Rock View spent a few days last week with her parents and other friends.

Mae McClellan spent Sunday with her aunt, Orpha Fleisher.

Millie Horner, who had been employed at Rockview for the past few months, returned to her home one day last week.

Mamie Kline of Tusseyville spent Sunday at the William Reiber home.

Mrs. D. C. Fohringer and children spent Sunday at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. H. A. McClellan.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bitner returned to their home at this place after spending some time with friends at State College.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer of Potters Mills spent Sunday at the S. E. Jordan home.

Mrs. T. J. Fleisher and daughter, Mrs. H. A. McClellan, left Wednesday for a brief visit among friends at Bald Eagle, Tyrone and other points.

Those that are under the doctor's care are Mrs. G. M. Cooney and William Bubb. Both are getting along nicely.

DIXON'S HEALTH TALKS.

Boiling Water a Good Disinfectant in Diseases, Says Commissioner.

Measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria and various other communicable diseases are perhaps most readily transmitted by the discharges from the nose and mouth of the patient. When the patient is cared for in the home and some member of the family must act as nurse, it is necessary for the protection of whoever acts in this capacity and for those who come in contact with the patient that the utmost care should be exercised in handling them.

Instead of the handkerchiefs commonly used for this purpose the patient should be supplied with cheese cloth or paper napkins and in a sufficient quantity so that they can be handled with comfort. Those which have been used and discarded should be handled only by the nurse and immediately burned. After handling such materials the hands should be thoroughly disinfected in a bichloride of mercury or other good antiseptic solution.

The dishes and eating utensils which are used for the sufferer should in no instance be washed with those used in the household but should be placed in a receptacle kept just outside the sick room door containing a disinfecting solution of cresols or formaldehyde and then placed in boiling water and allowed to boil for ten or fifteen minutes.

The sheets and bed clothes which will invariably be covered with fine particles of sputum when the patient coughs or sneezes, should be placed in a tub containing one of the three disinfecting solutions and allowed to soak for three hours after which they should be boiled for one hour.

When there is a sufferer from tuberculosis in a household they should not use the dishes and eating utensils which the other members of the family do, but should be supplied with individual utensils. These should always be first boiled and then washed separately.

These are fundamental precautions in the handling of communicable diseases which can only be disregarded at the peril of the nurse and the entire household. Unquestionably the transmission of disease from one member of a family to another in many cases is due to the failure to follow out this method of procedure consistently.

REBERSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Snyder Miller left this week for Illinois, where they will spend a month visiting relatives.

Edwin Guisewite is making preparations to move to Ohio where he will work on a farm.

Lizzie Walker is spending this week at Lock Haven with relatives.

Ammon Hszel moved to Boalsburg this week and William Bierly moved into the house Hszel vacated.

William Sholl has taken the agency to sell the crude oil engine.

John Erb of Madisonburg last Saturday demonstrated a spray pump at Newton Brungart's sale.

Harry Sheesley of Woodward last week moved into the Thomas Garrett home situated near Smullton.

Carrie Bierly is at present spending a few weeks at this place with her grandmother, Mrs. Jerry Walker.

After a lay off of several months by the parties who are prospecting for oil and gas, drilling has again commenced. It seems as if these men mean business, as they are pounding away on the solid rock at a depth over 600 feet.

George Waite, who spent the past month in Illinois, returned home last Friday.

Transfers of Real Estate.

C. E. Finkle et ux to Ivy W. Bartges, tract of land in Gregg twp. $1,000

Annie Swartz et bar to James A. Treaster, tract of land in Penn twp $500.

John H. Weber et ux to Verne E Frank, tract of land in Centre Hall boro. $350

L W. Walker et ux to E. Clayton Wagner, tract of land in Centre Hall boro. $25

John W. Thomas to Tyrone Rod and Gun Club, tract of land in Taylor twp. $85 40

John W. Thomas to John N. Davis et al, tract of land in Taylor twp. $35.

A. B. Lee, Sheriff, to Edgar T. Beckel, tract of land in Liberty twp. $465.

Margaret Hartswick to Newton N. Hartswick, tract of land in Ferguson twp. $350.

F. A. Yearick et ux to Samuel M. Long, tract of land in Gregg twp. $619.37

J. C. Orndorf to Harvey Long, tract of land in Gregg twp- $620

Bellefonte Cemetery Assn. to Mary E Shadle, tract of land in Bellefonte cemetery. $20

Wm. Sampsel et ux to Rachel A Gettig, tract of land in Spring twp. $40

Geo. C. Harvey et ux to Wm. H. Wasson, tract of land in Howard boro. $1,200.

Jacob Garbrick to Wm. H. Johnstonbaugh, tract of land in Marion twp. $350

Aaron W. Ulrick et ux to Benj W. Wingard, tract of land in Penn twp. $725

W. A. Alexander to Annie M. Royer, tract of land in Potter twp. $1,000.

Annie M. Royer et bar to W. A. Alexander, tract of land in Potter twp. $1,000.

CONDUCTORS ON EXCESS CREWS

Experienced Men Assert That Over-Manning of Trains is Bad Practice.

Rockaway, N. J., March 1.

Not a few railroad trainmen are taking open position for repeal of the extra crew, or "excess man crew" laws. With forty-two years' experience as a passenger train conductor on the New Jersey Central Railroad, Samuel A. Crook, widely known among railroad men in the northern part of this state, says the "excess" man is a hindrance rather than a help in efficient train operation.

"I am very much opposed to the law," says this veteran conductor. "Two brakemen I always considered sufficient, as I could get more effective work from two than I could from a larger crew. There is not enough work to keep a larger number busy.

"We never had an accident at a depot and the passengers always were accorded first class service, despite the fact that my trains sometimes contained as many as seven coaches. I will use my influence with my representatives to give Mr. 'Full Crew' a black eye whenever I can."

Concerning the "excess man crew" in freight service, a Pennsylvania Railroad conductor says:

"My many years' service with the company as conductor on freight trains convinced me, as it would any reasonable thinking man, of the uselessness of such a law and of the excess men for which it provides. Being personally acquainted with our Representative, I shall do all I can to make plain to him the absurdity of the law."

NEW IDEA OF FAMOUS STATUE

Surely the Most Original of All Put Forward Concerning the Venus De Medici.

Aunt Judy had been brought up from the plantation on the coast for a visit to the "big fam'ly" house in Savannah. There she learned, to her indignant and outspoken disapproval, that one of her granddaughters, whom she had never seen, had been allowed to go north to study for the operatic stage. Aunt Judy had once been a spectator of as much of a musical comedy as one could see between the time of the curtain rising upon a ballet and chorus and the time of Judy's outraged exit from the theater. To the old woman the expedition of the mistress' granddaughter was much as if the girl had elected to go off in the company of Satan, Caligula and Henry VIII.

Also, there was a marble Venus de Medici in one corner of the drawing room of the "big fam'ly" house. Judy had her own ideas about this statue, too.

"I ain't sho'," Judy said one day in confidence to a friend of the family, who had asked to see the girl, "I ain't sho'—ol' missis ain't never tole me—but I t'ink dat w'ite rock girls a po'trait er dat gran'chile whut run off in bad comp'ny."—New York Evening Post.

Ants Walk on Water.

It may not be new to observers of animal life, but I have been much interested in watching the common house ant here in Rio de Janiero, says a writer in Nature.

We have an American fly trap; the sugar was one day covered with ants, so I placed the trap on a finger bowl standing in a plate of water. The ants, when they came to the edge of the water, ran around the bowl until convinced there was no way across, and then calmly took to the water, and ran across it by aid of surface tension without getting their feet wet.

Having presumably been home to the nest, they returned for more sugar, crossing in the same way, and this went on regularly, a steady procession crossing the water.

Test of Sanity.

The ability to remain both sober and gracious under high reward or great responsibility is a quality that we greatly admire in others. To retain a simple and open mind after doing something that is acknowledged to be of merit is one of the rarest accomplishments of sanity. It makes for pleasantness in abundant measure.

Indeed it does more than this, it makes living possible, paves the way to success, begets good will, conquers hatred and uncharitableness—in short, it is the substance of comity, the evidence of grace, and the proof of a large mind that is sane.—Atlantic.

To Purify Musty Places.

Charcoal and quicklime are the best purifiers. To use charcoal, for instance, suspend it in net bags. Make a number of bags to hold several large lumps of charcoal. These will absorb all sorts of bad odors and mustiness and leave the atmosphere pure and sweet. The power of charcoal is according to its freshness, and this is restored by heating. Once a week take the bags down, empty them in a fire pot and heat very hot. The freshened lumps will then serve a new period of usefulness.

Brings results—a Reporter ad.

SALE REGISTER

Parties having their sale bills printed at this office will have their sales registered under this head FREE of charge. To all others the charge is one dollar, the notice to run until date of sale.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20TH—at one o'clock p. m., in Centre Hall borough, Mrs. Kate Saunders will sell lot of household goods.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, at Belleville, Pa., by Andrew Crotzer: Eighty head of live stock. Extra good young horses. Dapple grey mares, full sisters, both in foal; horse, five years old; bay horse, 4 years old; dark brown horse, 3 years old; dark bay driving mare, in foal; also a good grade of Guernsey cows, and heifers.

MONDAY, MARCH 22ND—at 10 a. m., George W. Horner, on the William Bottorf farm, two and one-half miles east of Linden Hall, will sell: Five horses, three colts, eight first-class milch cows, seven heifers, steer, Holstein bull, high-grade Shorthorn bull, two thoroughbred Guernsey bulls, four calves. These cattle are Shorthorn, Guernsey and Holstein stock and one of Centre county's finest herds; twenty-one shoats thoroughbred Chesterwhite brood sow. Lot of farm implements. L. F. Mayes, auct.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23—ten o'clock a. m., A. C. Ripka, at Centre Hill, will sell farm stock and implements; some household goods.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23 at 9 A. M.—F. T. White, hill, at Houserville, will sell: six horses, nine milch cows, three 2-year-old Guernsey bulls, five one-year old Shorthorn and Holstein bulls, 32 head of young cattle, 4 brood sows, 5 shoats and some pigs, 150 chickens; a full line of farm implements and some household goods. L. F. Mayes, auct. x

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24TH—at 10 a. m., A. F. Rote, on the Zubler farm, one mile west of Farmers Mills, will sell: Four horses, eleven milch cows, seven heifers, nine head of young cattle, five bulls, three brood sows, thirteen shoats, twenty ewes, one ram. Good Deering binder, Deering mower, Osborne mower, and other farm implements. Household goods. De Laval cream separator. L. F. Mayes, auct.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 9 a. m., by Arthur Rothrock, one mile east of Pleasant Gap: Will sell horses, cattle, hogs, chickens, good farming implements, and a full line of household goods. Harry Grove, Auctioneer.

THURSDAY, MARCH 25TH, at one o'clock, Mrs. Almira Showers, will sell at her residence, one mile north of Tusseyville: Two milch cows, one heifer, one bull. Also, some household goods, lot of vinegar, etc.

FRIDAY, MARCH 26, at 12 o'clock, sharp, on top of Nittany Mountain, by Minerva Tate: Horses, cows, young cattle, implements and household goods. H. Grove, auctioneer.

SATURDAY, MARCH 27TH, at 10 a. m., H. C. Reish, on the Conley farm, 1-4 mile east of Centre Hall, will sell 2 horses, 3 colts, 20 head of cattle, 5 sows, Piano binder, Deering mower, and lot of other farm machinery.

MONDAY, MARCH 29TH, at one o'clock p. m., A. F. Heckman, on the Hosterman farm at Penn Hall, will sell: Two horses, 2 milch cows, 2 heifers, 3 shoats; farm implements.

TUESDAY, MARCH 30, ten o'clock, two miles south east of Linden Hall, by Miss Bettie Kimport: Horses, cows, young cattle, hogs, full line of farming implements, lot of household goods, etc.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31ST, at ten o'clock a. m., Daniel Klinger, on the Van Tries farm, one mile east of Linden Hall, will sell: Four horses, six cows, Shorthorn bull, 18 months old; two steers, bull, 1 year old; three heifers, six head young cattle, boar, four brood sows, 28 shoats. Farm implements.

PUBLIC SALE

90 Head of Horses, Cattle, and Hogs.

Will be sold at public sale, on the J. D. Sterrett farm, two miles east of Milroy, Pa., on

MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915,

the following personal property, to-wit:

Black horse, eight years old, single line leader, works anywhere, weight 1575 pounds; black horse, eleven years old, works anywhere, weight 1600 pounds; No. 1 team of black horses, seven and eight years old, work anywhere, weight 2900 pounds; black horse, nine years old, single leader, works anywhere, weight 1400 pounds; bay horse, eight years old, single driver and farm horse, weight 1200 pounds; black mare, five years old, with foal, works anywhere, weight 1100 pounds; Holstein bull, weight 900; Short Horn bull, weight 800 pounds; 3 Short Horn bulls, eighteen months old, 7 heifers that will be fresh in the middle of the summer; 10 yearling calves, 40 hogs, 7 Chester White brood sows, will farrow in March; Chester White boar, nineteen months old, 26 shoats, 90 to 100 pounds each; 7 shoats, 50 pounds each. The following Short Horn cattle: Two cows, third calf by time of sale; 3 cows fourth calf by the time of sale; cow second calf by time of sale, heifer first calf by time of sale, cow fourth calf in June, cow fifth calf in July, cow third calf in August, cow second calf in August, cow third calf in September; 50 full blooded Plymouth Rock chickens and roosters, 2 four horse wagons, four inch tire; 2 two-horse Conklin wagons, two inch tire; three-seated top spring wagon, almost new; top buggy set of Yankee wagon ladders, 21 feet long, set, of Yankee wagon ladders 20 feet long, 2 sets two-inch manure planks, wind mill, Kemp manure spreader, 55-bushel bed; McCormick binder, 6 foot cut; Farmer Favorite 11 hoe grain drill, two-horse Johnson hay rake, one-horse, Osborne mower, five-foot cut; Johnson mower, five-foot cut; eight-fork Osborne hay tedder, six-fork Tiger hay tedder, reversible Syracuse sulkey plow, 2 No. 40 Oliver chilled plows, 2 eighteen-tooth Perry springtooth harrows, Penn corn worker, Bench corn worker, corn weeder, corn scraper, land roller, springtooth harrow and roller combined, Black Hawk double row corn planter, 120 feet of one-inch rope, 200 feet of four-inch rope and pulleys, 2 double harpoons, big U. S. No. 6 cream separtor, meat choppers, 3 twelve-foot cable chains, boom chains, 3 horse double tree, 4 double trees, 10 singletrees, neck yokes, grain cradles, rakes, scoop shovels, manure forks, grain forks, pitch forks, brush scythes, mowing scythes, 3 good sets of harness for six hoorses, 2 24-in collars, 4 24-inch collars, 2 20-inch collars, 2 18-inch collars, set single buggy harness, 8 4 tug bridles, 5 checklines, sets hoosings, flynes, choke straps, halters, plow lines, hitching straps, and many articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock sharp.

Stock purchased may be kept at my barn for two days after sale, during which time I will care for it.

Terms—One year.
A free lunch dinner. G. H. RIPKA.

G. H. Bell, Auctioneer.
R. Houser and R. McNitt, clerks.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct8,1yr,pd

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.—

A special meeting of the stockholders of the State College Transporation Company is called for May 5th, 1915, at 7:30 p. m., at the Alpha Fire Company building, in the borough of State College, Pennsylvania, for the transaction of the following business:

First, to authorize the increase of the bonded indebtedness from $2500 to $4500; second, to authorize the sale of the property of said company, and the performance of such other business as shall appertain to said sale and apply for the dissolution of said company.

S. K. HOSTETTER, Secretary.

9.0.14.

New Spring Goods
For Spring Sewing.

Sheeting, 9-4 wide, bleached and unbleached.

Pillow Tubing and Pillow Casing, 42 in. wide.

Many styles and weaves in Dress Goods.

Shirtings, Percales, Ginghams, Old-fashion Calicoes for piecing quilts.

Embroideries and Laces in the new styles.

New Hats and Caps, Auto Caps for Ladies.

A full line of Work Shirts for Men and Boys.

D. M. Ferry's Seeds.

Schmidt's Bread Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings—All Wrapped.

Come and See.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

MCMXV MCMXV

ANNOUNCEMENT

SPRING MILLS SUMMER NORMAL

WILL OPEN APRIL 26th, 1915

Write for terms in either course to

W. R. JONES, A. B., Prin.,
Spring Mills, Pa.

BELL PHONE

MCMXV MCMXV

How Much Longer Will You Pay?

For four years in Pennsylvania, for two in New Jersey, the Full Crew Law has had the acid test of every-day experience.

What has it accomplished?

Five and one-half million dollars have been wasted by the railroads, and in no single instance has the Full Crew Law, that compels this waste, contributed one jot to the safety of the traveling public.

In proportion to the great body of railroad employes, the number of extra men forced on the railroads by the Full Crew bill is small. But their pay is high, higher, in fact, than the wages really earned by most other classes of employes.

It costs the railroads $2566 in one year to pay the superfluous trainmen on one passenger train operating between New York and Pittsburgh.

That's but a single item, taken at random from the tremendous bill which directly or indirectly each citizen has to pay.

But the people are now determined to pay this needless bill no longer.

If you have not yet voiced your personal demand that the waste of this money that should be spent for your better and safer service be stopped, a letter to your elected representative at Harrisburg and Trenton is your most effective method.

SAMUEL REA,
President, Pennsylvania Railroad.

DANIEL WILLARD,
President, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

THEODORE VOORHEES,
President, Philadelphia and Reading Railway.

R. L. O'DONNEL, Chairman,
Executive Committee, Associated Railroads of Pennsylvania and New Jersey,
721 Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia.